			Page
Solar system for domestic hot water		Hoval SolKit [®] aqua Description Part No. Technical data Dimensions Engineering Examples	671 672 678 679 680 681
Solar collectors	•	Hoval UltraSol [®] 2 Description Part No. Technical data Dimensions Space requirements Engineering Examples	683 684 704 709 712 716 726
		Product overview and utilisation	731
Solar armature groups		Hoval solar armature groups Description Part No. Technical data Dimensions Engineering	733 734 742 746 750
		Hoval Solar heat transfer stations Description Part No. Technical data Dimensions Example 	751 752 754 757 759
TopTronic [®] E controller		Hoval TopTronic [®] E solar module = Description = Part No. = Technical data = Dimensions solar controller set = Examples Heat quantity balancing	761 766 770 771 772 772

Engineering



 General information Components of the solar plant Collector data 	773 774 775
Dimensioning guidelines	776
Dimensioning recommendations for the components	778

Hoval SolKit[®] aqua Solar system for domestic hot water



SolKit[®] aqua HT MultiVal ERR (400,500) Solar armature group

Hoval SolKit® aqua HT

Solar system with MultiVal ERR calorifier and unpressurised solar circuit. Heating with heat generator, e.g. oil/gas condensing boiler

Consisting of:

Multival ERR (400,500)

- Calorifier made of steel, enamelled on the inside, with 2 enamelled plain-tube heat exchangers, permanently installed
- · Magnesium protection anode built in
- · Flange for maintenance
- Thermal insulation made from polyurethane rigid foam, directly foam-lined on the calorifier
- · Removable foil casing in red
- Sensor channel
- With thermometer
- Sleeve 1¹/₂" for installation of a screw-in electric heating element

Solar armature group

Solar armature group integrated into the unpressurised solar circuit.

- Circulating pump
- FlowRotor flow rate
- Safety valve (6 bar)
- Pressure gauge
- · Purging and filling unit
- Solar armature group hood

Delivery

- Calorifier installed with foil casing and solar armature group
- TopTronic[®] E solar module delivered in separate packaging

On site

· Solar controller installation

Option

- Screw-in electrical immersion heater for MultiVal ERR
- Pressure conversion kit SAG20FR-SK-B to extend SolKit[®] aqua into a pressure system
- TopTronic[®] E control module Delivered separately packaged, installation on site



SolKit® aqua LT MultiVal ESRR (500) Solar armature group

Hoval SolKit[®] aqua LT

Solar system with MultiVal ESRR calorifier and unpressurised solar circuit. Ideal for heating up with heat pumps thanks to large heat exchanger at the top.

Consisting of:

Multival ESRR (500)

- Calorifier made of steel, enamelled on the inside, with 2 enamelled plain-tube heat exchangers, permanently installed
- Magnesium protection anode built in
- Flange for maintenance
- Thermal insulation made from polyurethane rigid foam, directly foam-lined on the calorifier
- Removable foil casing in red
- Sensor channel
- · With thermometer
- Sleeve 1¹/₂" for installation of a screw-in electric heating element

Solar armature group

Solar armature group integrated into the unpressurised solar circuit.

- · Circulating pump
- · FlowRotor flow rate
- · Safety valve (6 bar)
- · Pressure gauge
- Purging and filling unit
- Solar armature group hood

Delivery

- Calorifier installed with foil casing and solar armature group
- TopTronic[®] E solar module delivered in separate packaging

On site• Solar controller installation

. ..

- Option
 Screw-in electrical immersion heater for MultiVal ESRR
- Pressure conversion kit SAG20FR-SK-B to extend SolKit[®] aqua into a pressure system
- TopTronic[®] E control module Delivered separately packaged, installation on site

6045 943

6045 944

Solar system for domestic hot water



Hoval SolKit[®] aqua HT for solar water heating

Efficient compact solar system for water heating in single-family homes with unpressurised solar circuit.

Consisting of:

- 1 MultiVal ERR calorifier, enamelled steel with 2 heat exchangers
- 1 solar armature group incl. casing and pump
 - 1 TopTronic[®] E solar module

SolKit[®] aqua HT (400) SolKit[®] aqua HT (500)



Notice on system limits

With the unpressurised standard version, the following limitations must be observed:

- Max. cable length (flow and return): 40 m
- Min. cable length: 10 m
- Max. system height: 10 m
- Hoval copper solar cables DN 15, D15x0.8/D43
- Min. cable inner diameter: 12.0 mm
- Max. cable inner diameter: 13.4 mm
- Minimum cable downward slope not
- necessary.
- Corrugated tube cable not suitable.
 SolKit[®] aqua only in connection with
 - UltraSol® 2
 - Min. number of collectors: 1
 - Max. number of collectors: 2

Hoval SolKit[®] aqua LT for solar water heating

Efficient compact solar system for water heating in single-family homes with unpressurised solar circuit.

Suitable for heating with heat pump.

Consisting of:

- 1 MultiVal ESRR calorifier, enamelled steel
- with 2 heat exchangers
- 1 solar armature group incl. casing and
- pump
- 1 TopTronic[®] E solar module

SolKit® aqua LT (500)

6045 945

Solar collectors and installation sets see chapter "Solar collectors"

TopTronic[®] E control module



TopTronic[®] E control module black

- For operation of all controller modules connected to the bus system (basic, solar, buffer module, etc.)
- Connection to the Hoval bus system via RJ45 plug connection or plug terminals (max. 0.75 mm²)
- Flat design with flexible installation optionsInstallation
- in the control panel of the heat generatorin the Hoval wall casing
- in the front of the control panel
- Colour touchscreen 4.3 inch with black highgloss trim
- Customer-specific configuration of the start screen
- Display of the current weather or weather forecast (only possible in combination with HovalConnect)

Consisting of:

- TopTronic® E control module black
- Clamping device set control module
- RJ45 Rast-5 CAN cable, L=500

Notice

Take account of additional accessories for alternative installation!

6043 844

Part No.

Accessories		Part No.
	 Pressure conversion kit SAG20FR-SK-B to extend SolKit[®] aqua into a pressure system Consisting of: 1 air vent 2 gravity brakes 1 thermometer 1 holder for attaching a pressure expansion tank flexible cable for expansion tank hydraulic coupling for expansion tank 	6046 118
Hoved	SolKit® aqua filling set for quick filling of unpressurised standard design SolKit® aqua Consisting of: - Adapter for frost protection canister - 2 hoses with fast coupling - 2 fast couplings for storage	6046 122
	Copper solar cable DN 15, 15 m 2 copper pipes for solar circuit completely insulated incl. sensor cable max. operating pressure: 10 bar Length 15 m, DN 15, D15x0.8/D43	2069 642
	Copper solar cable DN 15, 20 m 2 copper pipes for solar circuit completely insulated incl. sensor cable max. operating pressure: 10 bar Length 20 m, DN 15, D15x0.8/D43 Notice: With the unpressurised standard version, the SolKit [®] aqua must be installed with the copper solar line DN 15, D15x0.8.	2069 643
	Armature group connection set FL/RT VS15-SK-A for connecting the copper solar line DN 15 to the SolKit [®] aqua Metallic sealing on solar line side. With flat seal on armature group side (PTFE, Teflon resistant to 260 °C).	6046 154
	Collector connection set FL/RT VS15-SK-K for connecting the copper solar line DN 15 to the collector screw connection ³ ⁄ ₄ " external thread flat-sealing. Metallic sealing on solar line side. With flat seal on armature group side (PTFE, Teflon resistant to 260 °C).	6046 155
	 Hydraulics basic set GS 18-¾" ET FS90 for hydraulic connection of a collector field to connection fitting ¾" external thread flat-sealing. Consisting of: 2 connection fittings 90°, 18-¾" external thread flat-sealing 1 vent plug 1 dummy plug 2 flat seals Collector connections: Ø 18 mm Cu round pipe 	6051 314

6049 561

6049 562

2005 915

Accessories





			Part No.			
to copp	ection coupling per solar cable ending the cop	DN 15		6046 156		
made of with ter ature li Deliver	-in electrical h of Incoloy [®] alloy mperature cont miter red separately, itable for exclus					
Туре	Heat output [kW]					
Can or	nly be mounted	at top.				
EP-2.5	2.35	3 x 400	390		6049 557	
EP-3.5	3.6	3 x 400	500		6049 558	

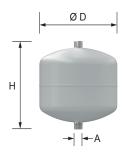


With tem ature lim	Flange-mounted electric heating elements With temperature controller and safety temper- ature limiter Delivered separately, installation on site							
Туре	Heat output 3 x 400 V	changeable to	Install. length					
EFHK-E	[kW]		[mm]					
Can only	be mounted	at bottom.						
4-180	4.0		380					
		2.6 kW/3x400 V						
		2.0 kW/3x400 V						
		1.3 kW/3x400 V						
		1.3 kW/1x230 V						
6-180	6.0		460					
		4.0 kW/3x400 V						
		3.0 kW/3x400 V						
		2.0 kW/3x400 V						
		2.0 kW/1x230 V						
3-way m for contro Material: Connect	ixing valve olling the wat							
Flow rate	ng range 30-6 e 27 l/min ta p=1 bar) e 1.62	60 °C						

Further types/sizes see "Solar/Solar armature groups"

		Part No.
Accessories		
	Freeze protection mixture PowerCool DC 923-PXL on basis propylene glycol mixed with softened water with corrosion protection Frost protection up to -23 ° Content plastic container: 30 kg	2054 403
	Freeze protection mixture PowerCool DC 923-PXL on basis propylene glycol completely mixable with water with corrosion protection Frost protection: -20 ° with mixing ratio of 40 % Content plastic container: 10 kg	2009 987
	Reflex S Especially for solar installations and also for heating and cooling water systems. For anti-freeze additive up to 50 %. Permissible operating overpressure 10 bar. Permitted operating temperature of vessel/dia- phragm 120 °C/70 °C. Type S 8-25 for wall installation with clamping band (clamping band see accessories) Type S 33 for wall installation with lugs Type S 50-600 with feet.	
A	Reflex ØD H h A Type mm mm mm	
Ø D (reflex)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2006 634 2006 635 2006 636 2006 637 2006 638 2006 639
	S80 480 565 166 R 1"	2006 640

Accessories



Reflex V

Intermediate tank made of sheet steel, from Reflex V 40 on feet.

Designed for operating pressures up to 10 bar Type V 6-20 for wall installation with clamping band (clamping band see accessories)

Reflex	ØD	Н	h	А	
Туре	mm	mm	mm		
V 6	206	244	-	R ¾″	2032 084
V12	280	287	-	R ¾″	2032 085
V 20	280	360	-	R ¾″	2032 086



Console with clamping band for Reflex NG 8-25, S 8-25, V 6-2 vertical installation container connection upwards or

downwards

242 878

Notice

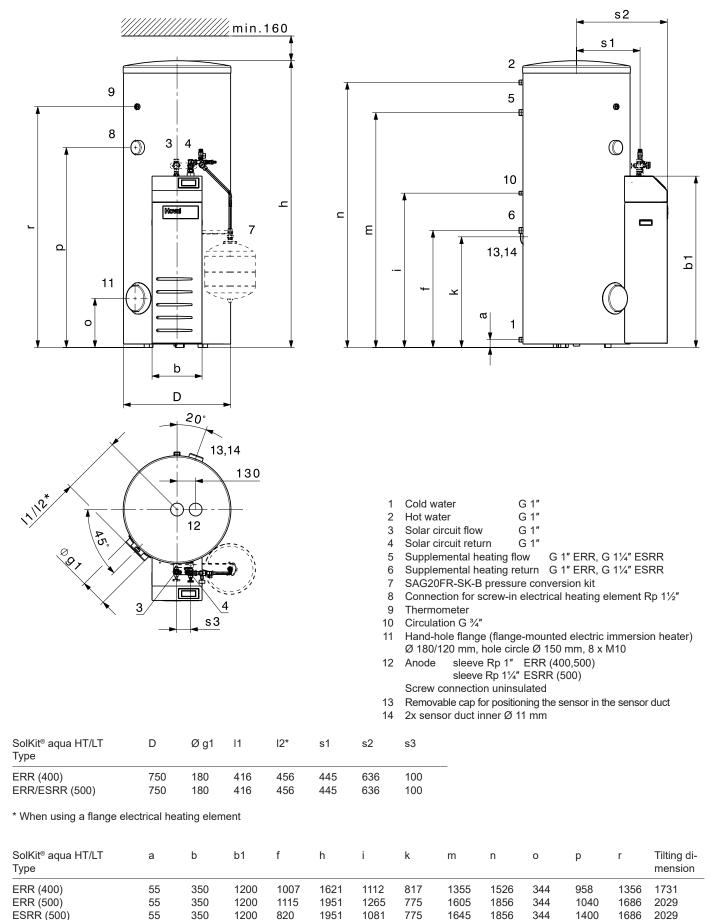
With an unpressurised solar circuit, a pressure expansion tank must not be used.

Calorifier

Туре		ERR (400)	ERR (500)	ESRR (500)
 Volume Volume (upper heating coil) Operating pressure/test pressure SVGW Maximum operating temperature 	litres litres bar °C	381 126 6/12 95	471 181 6/12 95	463 235 6/12 95
Thermal insulation polyurethane rigid foam, foam-lined	mm	75	75	75
 Polyester fibre fleece thermal insulation Fire protection class Heat loss at 65 °C Weight 	mm W kg	- B2 69 148	- B2 78 170	- B2 81 207
Dimensions		ç	See dimensional drawing	
Lower heating coilHeating surfaceHeating waterFlow resistance for water	m² dm³ z value	2.15 15.1 3.6	2.15 15.1 3.6	2.15 15.1 3.6
 Flow resistance for water/glycol 50 % 	z value	3.9	3.9	3.9
 Operating pressure/test pressure SVGW Maximum operating temperature	bar °C	8/13 110	8/13 110	8/13 110
 Upper heating coil Heating surface Heating water Flow resistance ¹⁾ Operating pressure/test pressure SVGW Maximum operating temperature 	m² litres z value bar °C	1.00 6.95 8 8/13 110	1.30 8.9 9 8/13 110	4.3 30.1 8 8/13 110

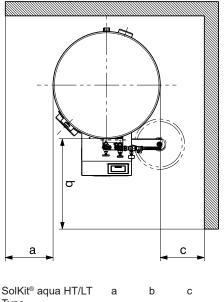
 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}\,Flow$ resistance of heating coil in mbar = flow rate (m³/h)² x z

SolKit® aqua HT/LT (Dimensions in mm)



Space requirements

- The operating side must be easily accessible.
 Wall clearance for installation and removal
- Wall clearance for installation and removal of the electric immersion heater: (a)
- Space required for installation or removal of the casing: (b)
- Space required for installation or removal of the pressure expansion tank: (c)

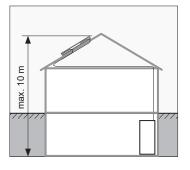


 Type
 $2700 \ge 800 \ge 500$

Engineering

Installation

- Unpressurised solar circuit version
- Route the lines between the collector array and the SolKit[®] aqua as short and straight as possible
- Use Hoval solar copper lines
- The height difference between the highest point of the collector field and the connecting line connection point of the SolKit[®] aqua must be min. 1 m and max. 10 m.



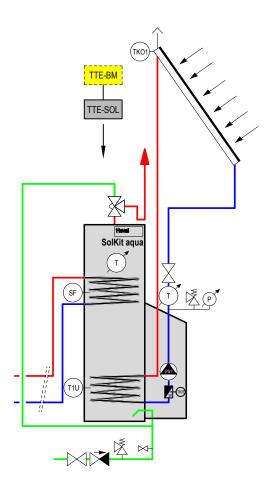
- The maximum length (one-way trip) of connecting lines of 20 m must not be exceeded
- The collector connection line should always be routed sloping downwards (max. height increase of 20 cm possible)
- Collector array only for use with UltraSol[®] 2, with max. 2 collectors

Pressurised solar circuit version When the SolKit[®] aqua is extended to create a pressurised system, the standard layout should be used (collector, expansion tank, etc.) The max. height does not apply for this version.

SolKit[®] aqua

Solar system for domestic hot water with

- Calorifier -
- Solar armature group - TopTronic® E solar module
- Hydraulic schematic BAAE050



Important notes

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. Installation must be carried out according to the conditions on site, dimensioning and local regulations.
- With underfloor heating, a flow temperature monitor must be installed.
- Shut-off devices to the safety equipment -(pressure expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) must be secured against unintentional closing!
- Install pockets to prevent single-pipe gravity circulation!

TTE-SOL	TopTronic [®] E solar module
SF	Calorifier sensor
TKO1	Collector sensor 1
T1U	Calorifier sensor
PS1	Solar circuit pump
TKR	Return sensor
<i>Optional</i> BM	TopTronic [®] E control modul

Hoval UltraSol® 2 Flat collector

- · High-performance flat collector, glazed, for thermal utilisation of solar energy
- Vertical and horizontal design •
- · For surface-mounted, flat roof or in-roof installation
- Stable frame made of aluminium extruded sections
- Structured toughened safety glass (ESG) • with anti-reflective coating on one side
- Aluminium full-surface absorber with highly-selective coating
- Serpentine manifold made of copper with 4 connections
- Collector connections and connectors with compression fitting
- Thermal insulation made of mineral wool (20 mm)
- High annual yield (Würzburg 50 °C) 1055 kWh/collector

Delivery UltraSol®, UltraSol® eco

• max. 10 pcs. upright on each pallet

Installation sets

- · On-roof installation parallel and elevated (0°,20°,30°,45°) vertical and horizontal consisting of:
 - substructure and hydraulic
 - roof connection -
 - Substructure suitable for the
 - following roof connections:
 - interlocking tile
 - plain tile -
 - slate, Eternit
 - tin roof clamp
 - hanger bolts
 - on-site roof connection with quick-mount adapter
- Flat roof mounting with concrete base 45° for horizontal collectors
- Roof inlay mounting
 - for vertical and horizontal collectors

Solar cable SL

- · Stainless steel corrugated tube for solar heating circuits, material 1.4404.
- Low-noise, pressure-resistant and diffusion-tight.
- Pipe insulation made of synthetic rubber, CFC-free.
- · Silicone cable for temperature sensor integrated.
- Weatherproof, UV-stable and PVC-free protective sleeve.
- · Pipe system for endless laying, for quick and easy installation.

Delivery

Solar cables completely packed.

Solarkeymark-certified

Certifications

Hoval UltraSol® 2

Solar Keymark 011-7S2954 F

Model range

UltraSol [®] 2 Type	Installation	Gross collector surface area m ²	Absorber surface area/ Aperture surface m ²
UltraSol® 2 V	vertical	2,53	2,33
UltraSol [®] 2 H	horizontal	2,53	2,33

Connection set

- · Connection set for connecting the Hoval UltraSol® and UltraSol® eco flat collectors to a solar fitting group 3/4" using solar cables (e.g. SAG20).
- Connection screw fittings matching R ¾"/ Rp ¾".

Delivery

Collector connection set separately packed.

Description



6050 633

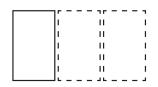
 $\begin{array}{c} 6050 \ 634 \\ 6050 \ 635 \\ 6050 \ 636 \\ 6050 \ 637 \\ 6050 \ 638 \\ 6050 \ 639 \\ 6050 \ 640 \\ 6050 \ 641 \\ 6050 \ 642 \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 6050 \ 643 \\ 6050 \ 644 \\ 6050 \ 645 \\ 6050 \ 646 \\ 6050 \ 647 \\ 6050 \ 648 \\ 6050 \ 649 \\ 6050 \ 650 \\ 6050 \ 651 \\ 6050 \ 652 \end{array}$

Flat-panel collectors

Hoval UltraSol®

- High-performance flat collector for solar systems with water/glycol mixture as heat transfer medium
- Structured toughened safety glass (ESG) with anti-reflective coating on one side
- Highly-selective coated absorber
 High annual yield (Würzburg 50 °C)
- High annual yield (Würzburg 50 °C) 1055 kWh/collector



Flat collector - vertical installation type

	Collector s	urface area	Number
UltraSol®	Gross	Absorber	of collectors
type	m²	m ²	units
1V	2.53	2.33	1
2V	5.06	4.66	2
3V	7.59	6.99	3
4V	10.12	9.32	4
5V	12.65	11.65	5
6V	15.18	13.98	6
7V	17.71	16.31	7
8V	20.24	18.64	8
9V	22.77	20.97	9
10V	25.30	23.30	10

in s	 -	 	-	-	-	-	 1
1		- 11					L.
1		- 11					Ľ.
1		- 11					Ľ.
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Flat collector - horizontal installation type

	Collector s	surface area	Number
UltraSol® eco	Gross	Absorber	of collectors
type	m²	m ²	units
1H	2.53	2.33	1
2H	5.06	4.66	2
3H	7.59	6.99	3
4H	10.12	9.32	4
5H	12.65	11.65	5
6H	15.18	13.98	6
7H	17.71	16.31	7
8H	20.24	18.64	8
9H	22.77	20.97	9
10H	25.30	23.30	10

Installation set See following pages

Installation sets for on-roof installation side-by-side, vertical and horizontal 0°



On-roof installation

Substructure and hydraulic collector connections

(without roof connection and collector connections of collector)

ector ng

Metal tiles and roof bushings for concrete, clay and plain tiles see collector accessorie



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÷ ÷
3900000 3900000

	Substructure and hydraulic collector connections for on-roof mounting
	vertical and horizontal 0°
es	- for Hoval flat collectors UltraSol® 2
	for an roof installation parallal with

- for on-roof installation parallel with the roof Substructure suitable for
- interlocking tile
- plain tile -
- slate, Eternit
- tin roof clamp _
- hanger bolts -
- Roof pitch min. 22°
- Consisting of:

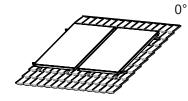
complete fitting accessories (without -

- roof connection and collector connections)
- hydraulic collector connectors

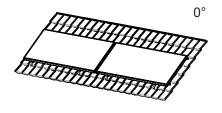
Notice

for number of

Collector connections and roof connection of collector, see following pages



per collector field units	Installation set	
1	AD0V-1	6051 243
2	AD0V-2	6051 244
3	AD0V-3	6051 245
4	AD0V-4	6051 246
5	AD0V-5	6051 247
6	AD0V-6	6051 248
7	AD0V-7	6051 249
8	AD0V-8	6051 250



for number of collectors horizontal per collector field units	Installation set	
1	AD0H-1	6051 251
2	AD0H-2	6051 252
3	AD0H-3	6051 253
4	AD0H-4	6051 254
5	AD0H-5	6051 255
6	AD0H-6	6051 256

Installation sets for on-roof installation

side-by-side, vertical and horizontal 20°,30°,45°



On-roof installation

Metal tiles and roof bushings for concrete, clay and plain tiles see collector accessories

Substructure and hydraulic

collector connections (without roof connection and

collector connections of collector)

Substructure and hydraulic collector connections for on-roof mounting vertical and horizontal 20°, 30°, 45°

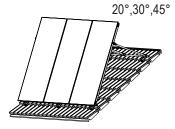
- for Hoval flat plate collectors UltraSol® 2 for on-roof installation elevated 20°, 30°, 45°
- in relation to the roof
- Substructure suitable for
- interlocking tile
- plain tile
- . slate, Eternit
- tin roof clamp
- hanger bolts

Consisting of:

- complete fitting accessories (without roof connection and collector connections)
- hydraulic collector connectors
- Adjustable elevation angle 20°, 30°, 45°
- Wind bracing

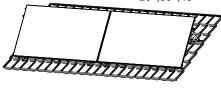
Notice

Collector connections and roof connection of collector, see following pages



for number of collectors vertical per collector field units	Installation set	
1	AD20-45V-1	6051 257
2	AD20-45V-2	6051 258
3	AD20-45V-3	6051 259
4	AD20-45V-4	6051 260
5	AD20-45V-5	6051 261
6	AD20-45V-6	6051 262
7	AD20-45V-7	6051 263
8	AD20-45V-8	6051 264

20°,30°,45°



for number of collectors horizontal per collector field units	Installation set	
1	AD20-45H-1	6051 265
2	AD20-45H-2	6051 266
3	AD20-45H-3	6051 267
4	AD20-45H-4	6051 268
5	AD20-45H-5	6051 269
6	AD20-45H-6	6051 270

Elevation horizontal 60° see accessories

Part No.

Roof connections for on-roof installation		Part No.
	Determining the number of roof connection sets see chapter Engineering/Table 1 and 2	
	Roof bar set adjustable tile for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol® 2 Consisting of: - 2 roof bars - Screw set US2-SHS	6037 731
	Roof bar set adjustable heavy duty for elevated static requirements for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol® 2 Consisting of: - 2 roof bars HD - Screw set US2-SHS	6037 764
	Packing plate 2mm for levelling the roof bars	2061 367
	Packing plate 3mm for levelling the roof bars	2061 368
	Roof bar set plain tile for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol® 2 Consisting of: - 2 roof bars - Screw set US2-SHS - Installation set T-head bolt can only be used in conjunction with metal tiles.	6037 767
	Roof bar set slate / Flat Eternit for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol® 2 Consisting of: - 2 roof bars - Screw set US2-SHS - Installation set T-head bolt can only be used in conjunction with metal tiles.	6037 769
	Clamp set tin roof clamp for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 Consisting of: - 2 tin roof clamps - Installation set T-head bolt	6037 770

	Part No.
Hanger bolt set individual for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 Consisting of: - 2 hanger bolts M12 - 2 quick-mount adapters M12 cpl.	6037 771
Double level screw set for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol® 2 Consisting of: - 2 double level screws US-Dss - Installation set T-head bolt	6037 772
Screw set concrete base for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 Consisting of: - 2 threaded rod M10x150 - 2 quick-mount adapters M10 cpl.	6037 775

		Part No.
Metal tiles and roof bushings for concrete, clay and plain tiles		
and and	Metal tiles, type concrete for exchanging a concrete pantile (e.g. interlocking tile) galvanised version	2057 258
	Roof bushing, type concrete for tube bushing (1 tube) through the roof cladding of a concrete pantile (e.g. interlocking tile) galvanised version, 2 pieces	2057 259
	Metal tiles, type clay 260 for exchanging the roof tile (e.g. variable-gauge tiles) galvanised version	2057 260
	Metal tiles, type plain for exchanging the roof tile (e.g. plain tile) galvanised version	2057 262
	Roof bushing, type clay 260 for tube bushing (1 tube) through the roof cladding (e.g. variable- gauge tiles and plain tile) galvanised version, 2 pieces	2057 261
	Metal tiles, type slate for protecting the roof tile (e.g. Eternit slabs, slate slabs) galvanised version	2057 264
	Roof bushing, type slate for tube bushing (1 tube) through the roof cladding (e.g. Eternit slabs, slate slabs) galvanised version, 2 pieces	2057 265

Installation sets Flat roof installation concrete base side-by-side, horizontal



Flat roof-mounting Concrete base

Flat roof - concrete base 45°, horizontal

- for Hoval flat collectors UltraSol[®] 2 H, UltraSol[®] eco H
- for flat roof installation 45°
- with concrete base

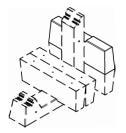
Comprising:

- Two-part concrete base (approx. 92 kg) incl. 3 additional weights (of approx. 50 kg) Total weight: 242 kg
- Protective mat with aluminium lining
- complete fitting accessories
- (without collector connections)
- hydraulic collector connectors

Notice

Collector connections, see following pages

for number of collectors per collector field units	Installation set	
1	FDBS45H-1	6051 271
2	FDBS45H-2	6051 272
3	FDBS45H-3	6051 273
4	FDBS45H-4	6051 274
5	FDBS45H-5	6051 275
6	FDBS45H-6	6051 276
7	FDBS45H-7	6051 277
8	FDBS45H-8	6051 278



Additional weight for concrete base

for UltraSol® 2 H flat plate collector for increasing loading weight in areas with increased wind loads or on high buildings. incl. 3 M8 threaded sleeves Installation space L/W: approx. 200/100 L/W/H: 740/130/250 Additional weight approx. 50 kg

Notice

The configuration of the ballast (permitted roof load, wind load, snow load ...) for the particular application must be selected according to the specifications in the project planning instructions and be checked by a static engineer/construction engineer.

Part No.

2075 124

Installation sets Roof inlay mounting side-by-side, vertical



Roof inlay mounting



- In-roof side-by-side, vertical for Hoval flat collectors UltraSol® 2 V,
- UltraSol® eco V
- for in-roof installation -
- Sheet-metal flashing in a tiled roof _ (e.g. interlocking tiles, sliding tile, plain tiles) minimum roof pitch 25° (sheet metal) -
- leaktight subroof necessary

Comprising:

- complete fitting accessories for attachment on cross battens (without collector connections)
- hydraulic collector connectors -
- Complete sheet-metal flashing made from coated aluminium, RAL 7016

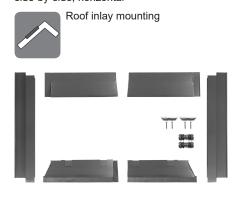
Notice

Collector connections, see following pages



for number of collectors per collector field units	Installation set	
1	IDNV-1	6051 279
2	IDNV-2	6051 280
3	IDNV-3	6051 281
4	IDNV-4	6051 282
5	IDNV-5	6051 283
6	IDNV-6	6051 284
7	IDNV-7	6051 285
8	IDNV-8	6051 286

Installation sets Roof inlay mounting side-by-side, horizontal



- In-roof side-by-side, horizontal for Hoval flat collectors UltraSol® 2 H,
- UltraSol® eco H
- for in-roof installation _
- Sheet-metal flashing in a tiled roof (e.g. interlocking tiles, sliding tile, plain tiles)
 minimum roof pitch 25° (sheet metal)
- leaktight subroof necessary

Comprising:

- complete fitting accessories for attachment on cross battens (without collector connections)
- hydraulic collector connectors
- -Complete sheet-metal flashing
- made from coated aluminium, RAL 7016

Notice

Collector connections, see following pages



for number of collectors per collector field units	Installation set	
1	IDNH-1	6051 287
2	IDNH-2	6051 288
3	IDNH-3	6051 289
4	IDNH-4	6051 290
5	IDNH-5	6051 291
6	IDNH-6	6051 292



Flexible stainless steel corrugated tube for solar heating circuits, material 1.4404, ready-insulated. Silicone cable for temperature sensor integrated. Weatherproof, UV-stable and PVC-free protective sleeve.

inal pipe width	Length		
	m		
DN 15	15		2054 140
DN 15	20		2054 141
DN 15	25		2054 142
DN 20	15		2054 143
DN 20	20		2054 154
DN 20	25		2054 155
DN 25	15		2054 156
DN 25	20		2054 157
DN 25	25		2054 158
	DN 15 DN 15 DN 20 DN 20 DN 20 DN 20 DN 25 DN 25	m DN 15 15 DN 15 20 DN 15 25 DN 20 15 DN 20 25 DN 25 15	m DN 15 15 DN 15 20 DN 15 25 DN 20 15 DN 20 25 DN 25 15

Individual hydraulic sets



Hydraulics basic set GS 18
for hydraulic connection of a c

for hydraulic connection of a collector field with stainless steel corrugated pipe Consisting of:

- 2 connection fittings 90°
- 1 air vent plug
- 1 dummy plug
- Collector connections:
- Cu round pipe Ø 18 mm

Solar line

size	
DN 15	6051 315
DN 20	6051 316
DN 25	6051 317



Hydraulics basic set GS 18-¾" FD90



Hydraulics basic set GS 18-¾" FD

Hvdraulics	hadia ar	+ 00	40 3/ "	
Hydraulics	Dasic se	165	10-74	

for hydraulic connection of a collector field to screw connection 3⁄4" external thread flat-sealing Consisting of: - 2 connection fittings - 1 air vent plug - 1 dummy plug - 2 flat seals Collector connections: - Cu round pipe Ø 18 mm

Designation	Connection fitting	
FD90	90°	6051 314
FD	straight	6051 313

Hoval 693

Solar cables

APRILIA PRIMA

THE THE

		1 411 10.
for connecting the to a solar armatur (e.g. SAG 20 or e Solar cable side v Armature group s	armature group flow/return e Hoval solar cables re group ¾" equalising valve DN 20). with metal sealing. ide with flat seal (PTFE, o temperatures up to 260 °C).	
Size solar cable	Connection fitting	
DN 15 DN 20 DN 25	R ¾" R ¾" R ¾"	6026 411 6026 412 6026 413
Solar branch kit for connecting se to a shared Hova Metallically sealin 3 connections Consisting of: - 2 T-pieces	veral collector fields I solar line.	
DN 15 DN 20 DN 25		6042 233 6042 234 6042 235
Connection cou for extending the Type VKSL15 VKSL20 VKSL25		2054 159 2054 160 2054 161
13 mm PE heat ir	collector field angles) to a by the customer. corrugated pipes with isulation, incl. screw 22 x 1 x 100 mm	2054 162
Connection set of for connecting a c (with connecting a pipeline created b 2 stainless steel c with 13 mm PE he incl. screw conne 22 x 1 x 100 mm L = 3000 mm	collector field angles) to a by the customer. corrugated pipes eat insulation,	2062 006
		2054 163

Compression fitting $\frac{3}{4}$ " external thread fits 22 x 1 mm copper end piece for further installation with steel pipe Price includes 2 pieces

			Part No.
	Hydraulic connection for collector field distant Consisting of: 2 corrugated tubes DN 500 mm on both sides 3 with seal 2 connection b	20 insulated L = ¼″ connection	6051 202
	Hydraulic extension s for hydraulic connectior collectors side by side. Consisting of: - 2 elastic collector com squeezing ring screw co (compensator), incl. ins	n of the nections with ponnections	6051 318
	Hydraulic extension s for serial hydraulic conr of collectors/collector ro one above the other (in- Max. number of elbows - 1 per collector field Max. number of collector - 4 per collector field Consisting of: - 1 elastic connection bu with squeezing ring scre Pipe axis distance: 300 - 2 dummy plugs	rection ws lying -roof). : prs: racket 90° ew connections	6051 319
	Lock set VS-US2 for hydraulic closure of collector field. - 1 vent plug - 1 dummy plug Collector connections: - ø 18 mm Cu round pip		6051 232
	Connection set AS-US for hydraulic connection to the stainless steel co Consisting of: - 2 connection fittings S Collector connections: - Cu round pipe Ø 18 r Solar line size DN 15 DN 20	n of a collector field rrugated pipe 90°	6051 322 6051 323
	DN 25		6051 323
Connection set AS-US2 18-3/4" FD90	Connection set AS-US for hydraulic connection screw connection ¾" external thread flat-s Consisting of: - 2 connection fittings - 2 flat seals Collector connections: - Cu round pipe Ø 18 r	of a collector field to	
	Designation	Connection fitting	
	FD90 FD	90° straight	6051 321 6051 320



Ba	lancing	valve	TN
Da	iancing	vaive	

As a regulating and shut-off valve with direct display of the volume flow on the bypass. Max. operating temperature $185 \degree C$

DN	Measuring range l/min	Connection Rp x Rp	kvs	
20	2-12	³ /4" X ³ /4"	2.2	2038 034
20	8-30	3/4" X 3/4"	5.0	2038 035
25	10-40	1" x 1"	8.1	2038 036
32	20-70	1¼" x 1¼"	17.0	2038 037

Accessories







Freeze protection mixture PowerCool DC 923-PXL on basis propylene glycol mixed with softened water with corrosion protection Frost protection: up to -23 °C Content plastic container: 30 kg	2054 403
Freeze protection concentrate PowerCool DC 924-PXL on basis propylene glycol completely mixable with water with corrosion protection Frost protection: -20 °C with 40 % mixture ratio Content plastic container: 10 kg	2009 987
Hand refractometer for measuring the cloud point of water-propylene glycol mixtures, water-ethylene glycol mixtures, and water-ethanol mixtures Coolant HighSOL refractive index nD20	2066 933

		Part No.
Individual sets / further installation sets	Roof bar US2-DBAV - adj. tile for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 1 pce w/o screw set US2-SHS	6037 730
	Roof bar US2-DBCV - tile HD for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 1 pce w/o screw set US2-SHS Version stainless steel high load	6037 763
	Screw set roof bars US2-SHS 6x wood screws Torx 8x80 st. steel	6037 732
and the second sec	Packing plate 2mm for levelling the roof bars	2061 367
	Packing plate 3mm for levelling the roof bars	2061 368
	Hanger bolt US2-ss - individual M12x300 incl. quick-mount adapter incl. EPDM seal	2061 347
	Double level screw US2-Dss 2x M12x300 incl. mounting plate incl. EPDM seals	2061 348
	Roof bar US2-DBC - type plain for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 1 pce w/o screw set US2-SHS	2061 344
	Roof bar US2-DBC - slate for attaching the carrier profiles for on-roof attachment of UltraSol [®] 2 1 pce w/o screw set US2-SHS	2061 398
	Installation set T-head bolt 2x bolt and nut	6037 766
	Clamp US2-BFK - tin joint	6037 795
	Quick-mount adapter M10 cpl. for attaching the carrier profiles	6037 773
	Quick-mount adapter M12 cpl. for attaching the carrier profiles	6037 774
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Hanger bolt M12x300 CR incl. EPDM seal, nut and locknut	2053 051

		Part No.
	<b>Carrier profile ADKBV cpl. 1360 mm</b> On-roof short base - vertical	6050 655
	<b>Carrier profile ADLBV cpl. 1986 mm</b> On-roof base long - vertical	6050 656
	<b>Carrier profile ADKEV cpl. 1252 mm</b> On-roof expansion short - vertical incl. profile connector 45 cpl.	6050 657
	<b>Carrier profile ADLEV cpl. 1878 mm</b> On-roof expansion long - vertical incl. profile connector 45 cpl.	6050 658
	<b>Carrier profile ADBH cpl. 2260 mm</b> On-roof base - horizontal	6050 659
	<b>Carrier profile ADEH cpl. 2152 mm</b> On-roof expansion - horizontal incl. profile connector 45 cpl.	6050 660
	Profile connector 45 cpl. incl. self-tapping screws	6037 787
	Elevation 20, 30, 45° V cpl. Vertical version incl. 4 cross connectors cpl.	6050 661
	Elevation 20, 30, 45° H cpl. horizontal version incl. 4 cross-connectors cpl.	6037 790
	<b>Elevation 60° H cpl.</b> horizontal version incl. 4 cross-connectors cpl.	6042 143
a a successi a la constante de la constante de La constante de la constante de	Wind bracing H/V cpl. for horizontal or vertical elevation	6037 762

		Part No.
<u>n r Er</u> e	<b>Cross-connector cpl.</b> for attaching the elevation with the carrier profiles	6037 788
	Mounting set 5-US2 ADGS Collector fastening basic set On-roof mounting Consisting of: - 4 US2 collector end clamps cpl. - 4 end caps 45 Hoval - 2 anti-slip protections	6050 662
÷÷	Mounting set 5-US2 ADES Collector fastening extension set On-roof mounting consisting of: - 2 US2 collector middle clamps cpl. - 2 anti-slip protections	6050 663
	Mounting set 5-US2 BSGS Collector fastening basic set Flat roof mounting concrete base Consisting of: - 4 US2 collector end clamps cpl.	6050 664
	Mounting set 5-US2 BSES Collector fastening extension set Flat roof mounting concrete base Consisting of: - 2 US2 collector middle clamps cpl.	6050 665
	Fastening set 5-US2 IDKS Collector fastening in-roof Consisting of: - 2 US2 collector clamps - 4 chipboard screws 5x35 TX25 UltraSol® 2 V in-roof mounting: - 6 US2 collector clamps per collector side (end and middle clamp) UltraSol® 2 H in-roof mounting: - 4 US2 collector clamps per collector side (end and middle clamp)	6050 666

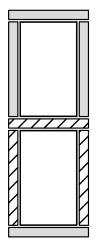
		Part No.
Individual sets concrete base		
	<b>Concrete base 45° cpl.</b> for Hoval UltraSol® 2 H flat plate collector 2-piece, slope 45° with cast-in retaining tube profile for collector fastening incl. folding split pin 6/40/33 galvanised for protection against lifting off incl. support turn protector L/W/H: 930/190/865 mm Weight: approx. 92 kg	6050 805
	Additional weight for concrete base for UltraSol® 2 H flat plate collector for increasing loading weight in areas with increased wind loads or on high buildings. incl. 3 M8 threaded sleeves Installation space L/W: approx. 200/100 L/W/H: 740/130/250 Additional weight approx. 50 kg	2075 124
	<b>Protective mat with aluminium lining</b> for concrete base for protecting the roof cladding and compensating irregularities L/W/H: 1000/260/6 mm	2061 579
	<b>Notice</b> The configuration of the ballast (permitted roof load, wind load, snow load) for the particular application must be selected according to the specifications in the engineering instructions and be checked by a static engineer/construction engineer.	

<b>Individual sets "in-roof"</b> without hydraulic connections	<b>Notice</b> You will find examples of how to assemble the variants following the individual sets.	Part No.
	<ul> <li>Basic set in-roof 2-BLGS 1V</li> <li>Set for in-roof mounting of</li> <li>1 UltraSol[®] 2 V flat plate collector</li> <li>Consisting of:</li> <li>Mounting material for fastening of the collector on the cross battens</li> <li>Collector stop single collector</li> <li>Ridge sheet single collector incl.</li> <li>supports</li> <li>Eaves plate single collector</li> <li>Side plates left and right</li> </ul>	6051 293
	<ul> <li>Basic set in-roof 2-BLGS 2VN</li> <li>Set for in-roof mounting of</li> <li>2 UltraSol[®] 2 V flat plate</li> <li>collectors side by side</li> <li>Consisting of:</li> <li>Mounting material for fastening</li> <li>of the collectors on the cross battens</li> <li>Collector stops for 2 collectors</li> <li>Ridge plates for 2 collectors incl.</li> <li>supports</li> <li>Eaves plates for 2 collectors</li> <li>Side plates left and right</li> <li>Intermediate plate</li> </ul>	6051 294
	Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1VN Set for in-roof mounting of an additional UltraSol® 2 V flat plate collector side by side Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collector on the cross battens - Collector stop middle - Ridge sheet middle incl. supports - Eaves sheet middle - Intermediate plate	6051 295
	Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 2VU Set for in-roof mounting of two additional UltraSol® 2 V flat plate collectors one above the other Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collectors on the cross battens - Spacers - Centre plates including connectors - Side plates left and right - Intermediate plate	6051 296
	Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1VUN Set for in-roof mounting of an additional UltraSol® 2 V flat plate collector one above the other and side by side Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collectors on the cross battens - Spacers - Centre plates including connectors - Intermediate plate	6051 297

	Part No.
Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1VU Set for in-roof mounting of an additional UltraSol® 2 V flat plate collector one above the other Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collector on the cross battens - Spacers - Centre plates including connectors - Side plates left and right	6051 298
<ul> <li>Basic set in-roof 2-BLGS 1H</li> <li>Set for in-roof mounting of</li> <li>1 UltraSol® 2 H flat plate collector</li> <li>Consisting of:</li> <li>Mounting material for fastening</li> <li>of the collector on the cross battens</li> <li>Collector stop single collector</li> <li>Ridge sheet single collector incl.</li> <li>supports</li> <li>Eaves plate single collector</li> <li>Side plates left and right</li> </ul>	6051 299
<ul> <li>Basic set in-roof 2-BLGS 2HN</li> <li>Set for in-roof mounting of</li> <li>2 UltraSol® 2 H flat plate collectors</li> <li>side by side</li> <li>Consisting of:</li> <li>Mounting material for fastening</li> <li>of the collectors on the cross battens</li> <li>Collector stops for 2 collectors</li> <li>Ridge plates for 2 collectors incl.</li> <li>supports</li> <li>Eaves plates for 2 collectors</li> <li>Side plates left and right</li> <li>Intermediate plate</li> </ul>	6051 300
Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1HN Set for in-roof mounting of an additional flat plate collector UltraSol® 2 H side by side Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collector on the cross battens - Collector stop middle - Ridge sheet middle incl. supports - Eaves sheet middle - Intermediate plate	6051 301
Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 2HU Set for in-roof mounting of two additional flat plate collectors UltraSol® 2 H one above the other Consisting of: - Mounting material for fastening of the collectors on the cross battens - Spacers - Centre plates including connectors - Side plates left and right - Intermediate plate	6051 302

	Part No.
Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1HUN         Set for in-roof mounting of an         additional flat plate collector         UltraSol® 2 H one above the other         and side by side         Consisting of:         Multiple         Multiple	6051 303
Extension set in-roof 2-BLES 1HU         Set for in-roof mounting of an additional flat plate collector UltraSol® 2 H one above the other         Consisting of:         Mounting material for fastening of the collector on the cross battens         Spacers         Centre plates including connectors         Side plates left and right	6051 304
Intermediate plate, vertical vertical covering strip for covering between 2 collectors	2075 478
Intermediate plate, horizontal horizontal covering strip for covering between 2 collectors	2075 479
Eaves sheet panel V vertical eaves sheet panel for coverin the collector end face	6051 721 g
Eaves sheet panel H horizontal eaves sheet panel for cove the collector end face	6051 722 ring

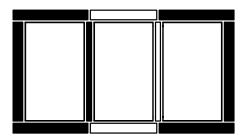
Examples for individually arranged in-roof sets for different collector surfaces



to be ordered:

1 x 6051 293 basic set in-roof BLGS 1V

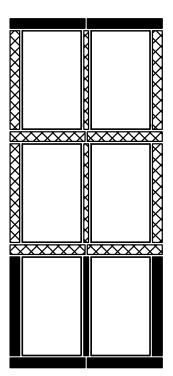
1 x 6051 298 expansion set in-roof BLES 1VU



to be ordered:

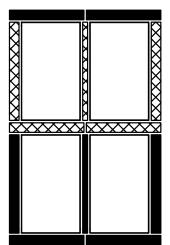
1 x 6051 294 basic set in-roof BLGS 2VN

1 x 6051 295 expansion set in-roof BLES 1 VN



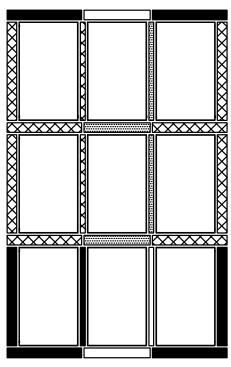
to be ordered: 1 x 6051 294 basic set in-roof BLGS 2VN

2 x 6051 296 expansion set in-roof BLES 2VU



to be ordered:

- 1 x 6051 294 basic set in-roof BLGS 2VN X 6051 296 expansion set in-roof BLES 2VU



to be ordered: 1 x 6051 294 basic set in-roof BLGS 2VN 1 x 6051 295 expansion set in-roof BLES 1VN 2 x 6051 296 expansion set in-roof BLES 2VU

## UltraSol[®] 2

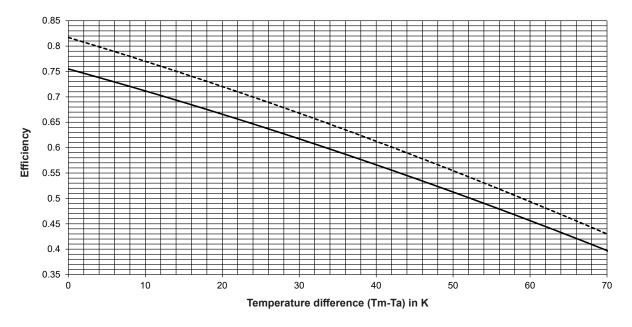
Туре		L litr	aSol® 2
Туре		V	H
Optical efficiency (aperture surface) $\eta$ 0,b ²⁾ $a_1^{2}$ $a_2^{2)}$	% W/(m²K) W/(m²K²)	81.7 4.55 0.014	81.7 4.55 0.014
Optical efficiency (gross area) η0,b ¹⁾ a ₁ ¹⁾ a ₂ ¹⁾	% W/(m²K) W/(m²K²)	75.5 4.2 0.013	75.5 4.2 0.013
Reference surfaces <ul> <li>Total surface area</li> <li>Aperture surface</li> <li>Absorber surface</li> </ul>	m² m² m²	2.53 2.33 2.33	2.53 2.33 2.33
Collector/casing <ul> <li>Design</li> <li>Length, width, height</li> <li>Material</li> <li>Weight</li> </ul>	kg	see dimen	ed sections sional drawing minium 43
<ul> <li>Absorber</li> <li>Absorber area coating</li> <li>Solar absorption level</li> <li>Hemispheric emissions level</li> <li>Heat transfer medium content</li> <li>Flow shape</li> <li>Number of connections</li> <li>Configuration of connections</li> </ul>	% % I	95 5 1.5 Serpent	lective 95 5 1.7 ine manifold 4 - CU round pipe Ø 18 mm
Glass cover (transparent cover) Product name Transmission level Thickness	% mm		ned safety glass (ESG) e coating on one side 94 3.2
<ul> <li>Thermal insulation</li> <li>Material</li> <li>Heat conductivity</li> <li>Thickness</li> <li>Hail resistance class</li> </ul>	W/(m² K) mm	0.039 20	eral wool 0.039 20 es of ø up to 30 mm)
<ul> <li>Application limits</li> <li>Standard standstill temperature</li> <li>Max. perm. operating pressure</li> <li>Permitted heat transfer medium</li> <li>Specific flow rate approx.</li> <li>Nominal flow per collector approx.</li> <li>Min. collector pitch</li> <li>Max. collector pitch</li> </ul>	° C bar I/(h m²) I/h	15-50 40-100	180 10 vater mixture 15-50 40-100 22° 90° ³ )

Peak efficiency of the collector ( $\eta_b$  at  $T_m^* = 0$ ), with reference to  $T_m^*$ , based on the direct irradiation intensity  $G_b$  (reference area: gross area of 2.53 m²) Peak efficiency of the collector ( $\eta_b$  at  $T_m^* = 0$ ), with reference to  $T_m^*$ , based on the direct irradiation intensity  $G_b$  (reference area: aperture surface with 2.33 m²) 1) 2)

3)

Due to the specifications of the German Institute for Building Technology (DIBT), the collectors can be used in Germany up to a maximum inclination of 75°! This regulation is also partly applied in Austria.

# Efficiency characteristic curve UltraSol® 2

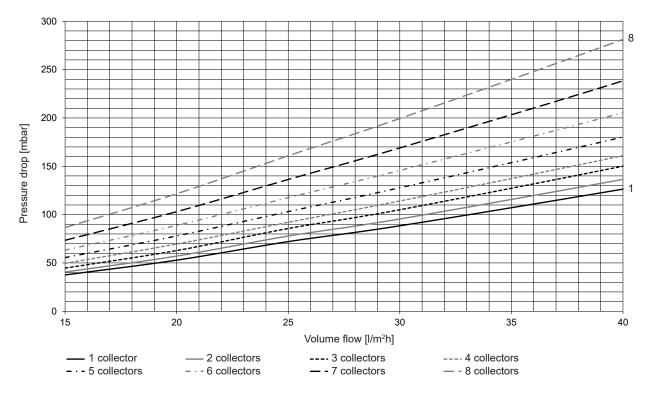


UltraSol[®] 2 (Gross area)
 UltraSol[®] 2 (Aperture surface)

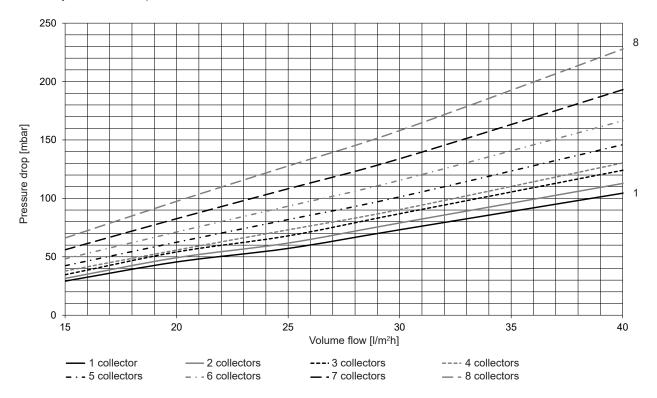
Tm = average collector temperature) Ta = Ambient temperature

# Pressure drop - UltraSol[®] 2, vertical Water-Glycol mixture - temp. 20 °C





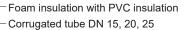
Pressure drop - UltraSol® 2, horizontal Water-Glycol mixture - temp. 20 °C



## Solar cable SL

	Flexible stainless steel corrugated tube, material 1.4404.	Туре	Nom pipe	inal width	Internal diameter	External diameter	Bending radius min.	Burst pressure	Weight	Wall thickness	Content
	Max. pressure at 200 °C: 10 bar		DN		mm	mm	mm	bar	g/m	mm	l/m
•	Operating temperature for stainless steel 100-600 °C	SL 15 SL 20 SL 25	20	R ½" R ¾" R 1"	16.6 20.6 25.6	21.4 26.2 31.6	25 30 35	44 36 28	140 195 235	0.18 0.18 0.20	0.28 0.42 0.65

Туре	DN		В	Н	Insulation	
			mm	mm	thickness mm	_
SL 15	15	R ½″	105	53	17	
SL 20	20	R ¾″	135	68	19	
SL 25	25	R 1″	155	80	14	(



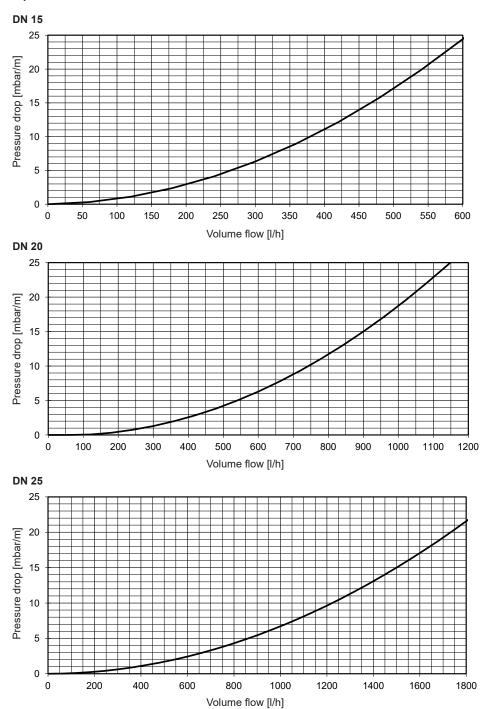
т |

В

ugated tube DN 15, 20, 25

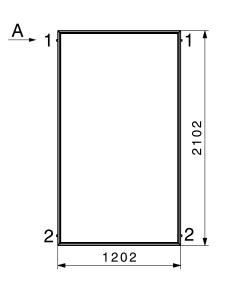
Silicone cable for temperature sensor integrated

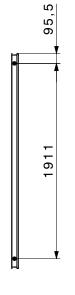
Specific pressure drop value (per metre individual pipe) Glycol/water mixture 40/60 % and 40  $^\circ\text{C}$ 

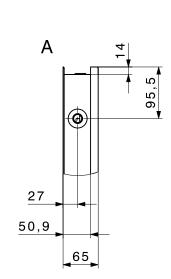


1 mbar = 100 Pa = 0.1 kPa

UltraSol[®] 2 - vertical (Dimensions in mm)



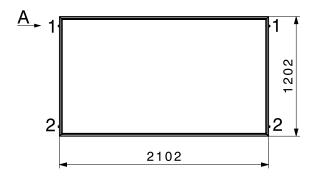




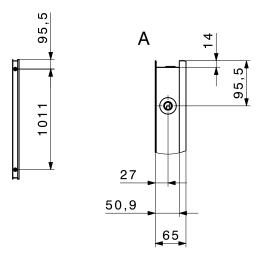
- Collector connection, outlet ³/₄" (with Hoval hydraulic connection brackets)
   Collector connection, inlet ³/₄" (with Hoval hydraulic connection brackets) Sensor: position, see Engineering
  - One-sided connection left or right possible (not Tichelmann)
  - Connection on alternating sides possible (Tichelmann)

UltraSol[®] 2 - horizontal (Dimensions in mm)

65

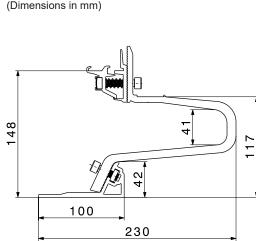


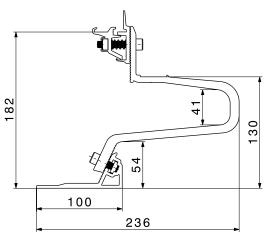


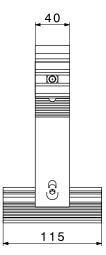


- Collector connection, outlet ¾" (with Hoval hydraulic connection brackets)
   Collector connection, inlet ¾" (with Hoval hydraulic connection brackets) Sensor: position, see Engineering
  - One-sided connection left or right possible (not Tichelmann)
  - Connection on alternating sides possible (Tichelmann)

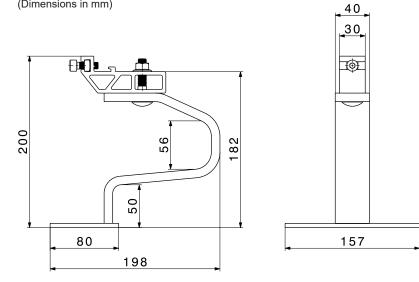
# Roof bar tile adjustable - for on-roof installation (Dimensions in mm)



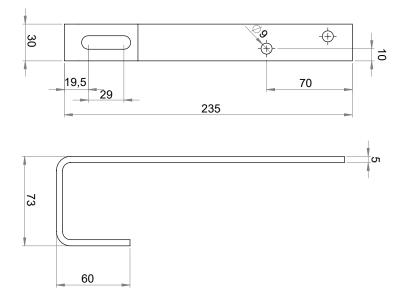




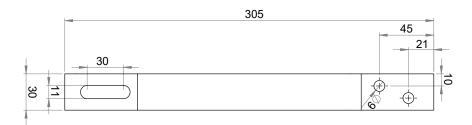
Roof bar tile heavy duty - for on-roof installation (Dimensions in mm)

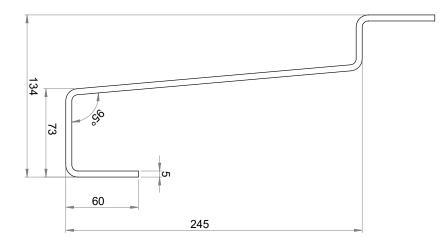


# Roof bar slate - for on-roof installation (Dimensions in mm)

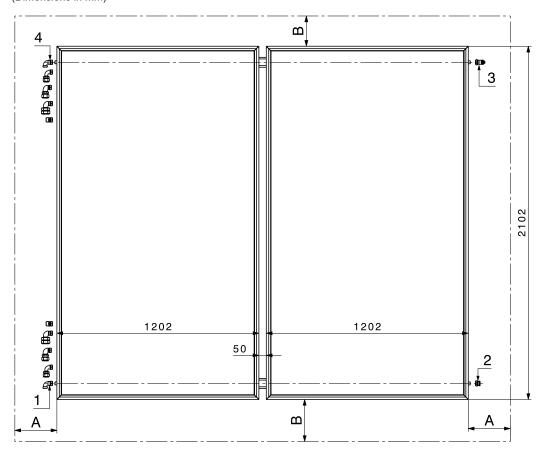


Roof bar plain tile - for on-roof installation (Dimensions in mm)





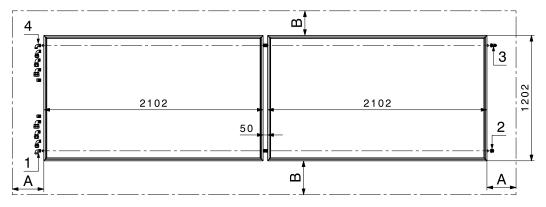
# UltraSol[®] 2 - vertical (Dimensions in mm)



Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.

## UltraSol® 2 - horizontal

(Dimensions in mm)



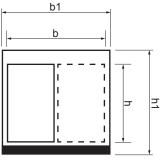
- 1 Inlet/collector return; connection Ø 18 mm CU round pipe
- 2 Dummy plug
- 3 Dummy plug with integrated manual vent
- 4 Outlet/collector flow hot; connection Ø 18 mm CU round pipes
  - Select short line routing
  - Sensor: position, see Engineering
- A Space for installation/removal of connection brackets and collectors 250 mm.
- B top At least one tile length distance from the gable!

B bottom At least one tile length distance from the end of the roof (eaves).

Also comply with local regulations relating to snow safety (number of snow holders).

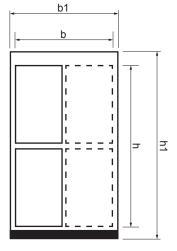
# Collector field - Roof inlay mounting, horizontal (Dimensions in cm)

## 1-row



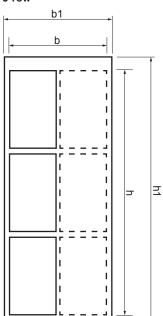
→ _	Number of collectors	Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
		cm	cm	cm	cm
<b>۹</b> -	1			120	153
1	2			245	278
I I	3			371	404
	4			496	529
1	5	210	272	621	654
1	6			746	779
- <u>-</u>	7			871	604
¥_	8			997	1030

2-row



Number collectors Total		Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors cm	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
		cm	cm		cm
2	1			120	153
4	2			245	278
6	3			371	404
8	4	400	100	496	529
10	5	430	492	621	654
12	6			746	779
14	7			871	904
16	8			997	1030

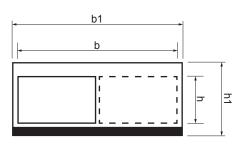
3-row



Number collector Total	S	Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
TOLAI	per row				
		cm	cm	cm	cm
3	1			120	153
6	2			245	278
9	3			371	404
12	4	651	712	496	529
15	5	051	112	621	654
18	6			746	779
21	7			871	904
24	8			997	1030

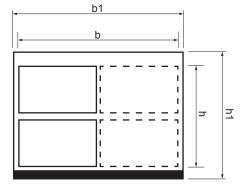
# Collector field - Roof inlay mounting, horizontal (Dimensions in cm)

1-row



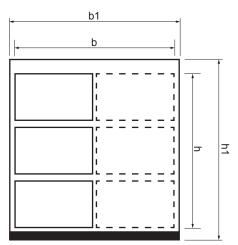
Number of collectors	Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
	cm	cm	cm	cm
1			210	243
2			425	458
3			641	674
4	120	182	856	889
5	120	102	1071	1104
6			1286	1319
7			1501	1534
8			1717	1750

2-row



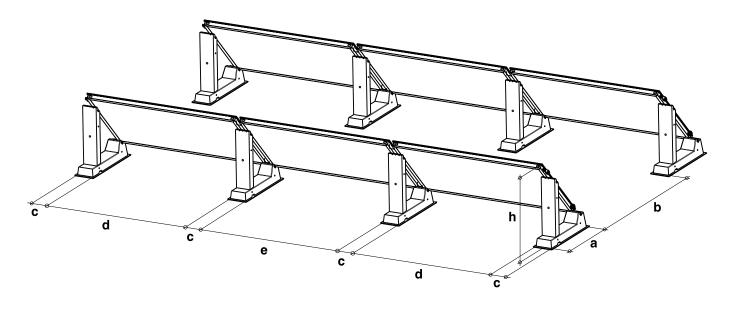
Number of collectors Total per row		Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
	·	cm	cm	cm	cm
2	1			210	243
4	2			425	458
6	3			641	674
8	4	250	24.0	856	889
10	5	250	312	1071	1104
12	6			1286	1319
14	7			1501	1534
16	8			1717	1750

3-row



Numbe collecto Total		Height h	Height h1 Outer dim. sheet metal	Width b collectors	Width b1 Outer dim. sheet metal
		cm	cm	cm	cm
3	1			210	243
6	2			425	458
9	3			641	674
12	4	204	440	856	889
15	5	381	442	1071	1104
18	6			1286	1319
21	7			1501	1534
24	8			1717	1750

Concrete base - installation (Dimensions in mm)



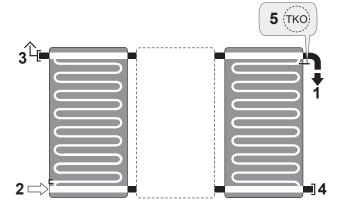
Туре	Installation angle	h	а	b	С	d	е
UltraSol [®] 2	45°	*1083	930	min. 1100	215	1897	1937

* With protective mat

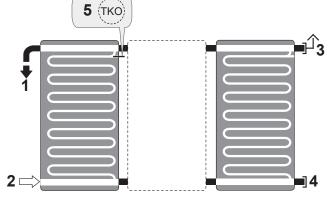
#### Piping of the collector series Connection example for collector series

## UltraSol[®] 2 V (collector vertical)

Connection variant: Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.



Connection variant: non-Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.

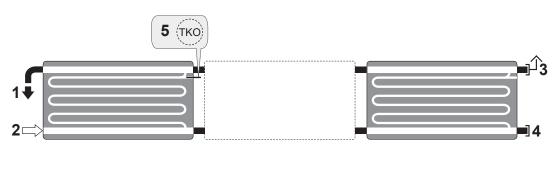


## UltraSol[®] 2 H (collector horizontal)

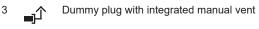
Connection variant: Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.



Connection variant: non-Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.



- 1 Line from collector field (collector flow, warm) select short line routing
- 2 Cine to collector field (collector return)



Dummy plug

(TKO) Imm Diffe

4

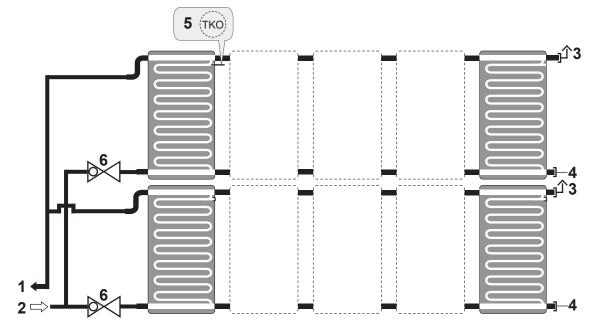
5

Immersion sleeve Differential control sensor or solar sensor

716 Hoval

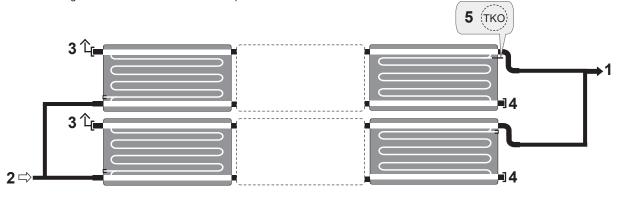
## UltraSol® 2 V (collector vertical)

Connection variant: non-Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.



# UltraSol[®] 2 H (collector horizontal)

Connection variant: non-Tichelmann, max. 8 collectors/row Inverted configuration of the connections is also possible.



1	-	Line from collector field (collector flow, warm) select short line routing
2	$\langle \Box$	Line to collector field (collector return)
3		Dummy plug with integrated manual vent
4	-	Dummy plug
5	(тко)	Immersion sleeve Differential control sensor or solar sensor
6	$\bowtie$	Control valve

#### Static dimensioning aid

The following requirements and directives must be complied with:

- Regionally applicable standards and regulations
- The installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with the relevant standards and local regulations.

Germany/Austria:

- The snow and wind loads are regulated by DIN EN 1991 and the associated national appendix.
- The load bearing capacities of building coverings are prescribed ÖNORM B 1991.
- ÖNORM M 7778 (Installation planning and installation of thermal solar collectors)
- Both the Austrian as well as the German regulation is based on European standard EN 1991-1-3. They are valid up to altitudes of 1500 m. Any altitudes above that are regulated by special national appendices.
   Switzerland:
- SIA 261 applies.

#### General information on statics

- Installation is only permissible on roof areas or substructures of sufficient load-bearing capacity. It is essential for the static loadbearing capacity of the roof or the substructure to be checked by the local statics engineer before the collectors are installed.
- The examination of the entire collector structure according to DIN 1055 Parts 4 and 5 is required by the local statics engineer, in particular in areas subject to high snowfall or high wind speeds. Attention in this must be paid to all special features of the installation site (foehn winds, venturi effects, eddy formation etc.) that can lead to increased load.

### **Roof-mounted systems**

- With roof-mounted systems, particular attention must be paid to the quality of the wood in the substructure with regard to the durability of the screw connections for attaching collector installation fixtures. The selection and also the number of roof connections must be adapted to the local snow and wind loads. Binding statements about the wind and snow loads as well as building altitudes about seal level must be obtained from the relevant authorities in the regions.
- If the roof anchors are exposed to maximum load, their geometry means that deformation will be unavoidable and contact between the roof anchor and the tiles can often not been prevented. As a result, it is recommended for metal tiles to be used if there will be high snow and wind loads.
- The significant number of roof connection sets is based on the calculated minimum number of attachment points for the planned number of collectors without taking account of the building-specific anchoring conditions of the roof covering and the building structure. The local force application via roof connection sets has been provided. The transmission of forces via the screw connection to the building structure does not form part of this calculation and must be verified separately.

To prevent impermissible wind suction loads, the collectors must not be installed near the edges of the roof. The relevant standards must be observed in this case. When elevators are used, the upper edge of the collector must not project beyond the ridge of the roof. Collectors must not be installed under a height change, in order to avoid increased loads due to windblown or slipping snow from the higher section of the roof onto the collector array. If snow guards are mounted on the more elevated roof for this reason, the statics of this roof must be inspected.

#### Personal protection

- In order to carry out work on the roof, safety equipment for personal protection must be included in the planning. For pitched roofs, these are safety roof hooks and for flat roofs, suitable attachment points or cable systems.
   Germany/Austria:
- Regarding work on the roof, the AUVA regulations must be observed in Austria and DGUV1 regulations in Germany.
   Switzerland:
- Regarding work on the roof, the SUVA regulations must be observed.

## **On-roof connection**

**Table 1** shows the maximum permitted snowand wind load depending on the rafter distanc-es. The values must be checked according tolocal conditions and calculated by a recognisedstatics/structural engineer. Consequently, nolegal claims can be asserted on this basis.

Table 1	Rafter s 1000		Rafter s 900	spacing mm	Rafter s 700-80		Rafter s 500-60	spacing 00 mm
	max. snow load [kN/m²]	max. wind load [kN/m²]	max. snow load [kN/m²]	max. wind load [kN/m²]	max. snow load [kN/m²]	max. wind load [kN/m²]	max. snow load [kN/m²]	max. wind load [kN/m²]
<b>Roof bar set tile adjustable</b> AD0V	1.0	0.6	1.0	0.7	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.7
AD20-45V AD0H AD20-45H	1.0	0.5	missible 0.5 missible	0.5	1.2 1.1 1.0	0.7 0.7 0.7	1.0 0.7 0.7	0.7 0.7 0.7
Roof bar set tile heavy duty AD0V AD20-45V AD0H AD20-45H	1.0 1.8	1.0	1.4 missible 0.8 missible	1.0 1.0	2.3 1.7 1.8 1.5	1 0.8 1 0.8	2.8 2.0 2.0 1.5	1.0 0.8 1.0 0.8
<b>Roof bar set slate</b> AD0V AD0H			missible missible		1.1 0.8	0.7 0.7	1.0 0.9	0.7 0.7
Roof bar set plain tile AD0V AD0H			missible missible		0.2 0	0.7 0.6	01 01	0.7 07
<b>Hanger bolts</b> AD0V AD0H			missible missible		0.6 0.6	0.7 0.7	0.6 0.6	0.7 0.7

**Table 2** shows the calculated minimum number of roof connection sets for the plannednumber of collectors without taking account ofthe building-specific anchoring conditions ofthe roof covering and the building structure.The values must be checked according to localconditions and the status of the roof construc-tion and be calculated by a recognised statics/structural engineer. Consequently, no legalclaims can be asserted on this basis.

#### Lengthwise expansion

Due to high temperature differences between summer and winter, the lengthwise expansion of the profiles must be considered. The carrier profiles must be divided with a gap (min. 4 cm) after every 12 m. Consequently, a maximum of 8 vertical collectors or 6 horizontal collectors can be juxtaposed. The distance between the collector fields is minimum 10 cm. Table 2: Minimum number of roof connection sets (1 set = 2 attachment points)

UltraSol [®] 2 V	Number of collectors										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7				
Rafter spacing 1000 mm	2	3	4	5	7	8	9				
Rafter spacing 900 mm	2	3	5	6	7	9	10				
Rafter spacing 800 mm	2	4	5	7	8	10	12				
Rafter spacing 700 mm	2	4	6	8	9	11	13				
Rafter spacing 600 mm	2	5	7	9	11	13	15				
Rafter spacing 500 mm	3	6	8	11	13	16	18				
UltraSol® 2 H	Number of collectors										
				001101	1013						
	1	2	3	4	5	6					
Rafter spacing 1000 mm	<b>1</b> 3					<b>6</b> 14					
Rafter spacing 1000 mm Rafter spacing 900 mm	-	2	3	4	5						
1 0	3	<b>2</b> 5	<b>3</b> 7	<b>4</b> 10	<b>5</b> 12	14					
Rafter spacing 900 mm	3	<b>2</b> 5 5	3 7 7	<b>4</b> 10 9	<b>5</b> 12 11	14 13					
Rafter spacing 900 mm Rafter spacing 800 mm	3 3 2	<b>2</b> 5 5 4	<b>3</b> 7 7 6	<b>4</b> 10 9 7	5 12 11 8	14 13 10					

8

10

12

13

15

17

21

## Snow load

Example for determining the snow load on the collector depending on the collector angle: AT-6353 Going am Wilden Kaiser, altitude 785 m  $\,$ 

 Determination of the characteristic value of snow load Sk [kN/m²] according to EN 1991-1-3 Example for *Austria*: <u>https://www.dlubal.com/de/schnee-wind-erdbeben-lastzonen/schnee-onorm-b-1991-1-3.html</u> or <u>https://www.hora.gv.at/</u> For AT-6353 Going am Wilden Kaiser, a characteristic snow load of Sk = 4.08 kN/m² can be expected

For example for *Germany*:

https://www.dlubal.com/de/schnee-wind-erdbeben-lastzonen/schnee-din-en-1991-1-3.html

 Example for determining the snow load on the collector depending on the collector angle (α).
 Example for Austria and Germany: http://www.renewable-energy-concepts.com/german/sonnenenergie/basiswissen-solarenergie/schneelasten-windlasten.html

```
Calculation method:
\alpha \leq 30^{\circ}:
                     Sk(roof) = Sk(floor) * 0.8
30^{\circ} < \alpha \le 60^{\circ}: Sk(roof) = Sk(floor) * [0.8 * (60° - \alpha) / 30°]
α > 60°:
                     Sk(roof) = 0 kN/ m<sup>2</sup>
                                        4.08 kN/m<sup>2</sup> * 0.8 = 3.26 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
At 20° collector angle:
                                         4.08 kN/m<sup>2</sup> * 0.8 = 3.26 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
At 30° collector angle:
                                         4.08 kN/m<sup>2</sup> * [0.8 * (60°-35°)/30°] = 2.72 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
At 35° collector angle:
                                         4.08 kN/m<sup>2</sup> * [0.8 * (60°-45°)/30°] = 1.63 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
At 45° collector angle:
At 60° collector angle:
                                         4.08 kN/m<sup>2</sup> * [0.8 * (60°-60°)/30°] = 0 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
```

chara	aracteristic value of the snow load sk			1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0
[kN/r	n ² ] according to EN 1991-1-3:																					
	at collector angle less than 30°:	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0
	at 30° collector angle:	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0
on or	at 35° collector angle:	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.3
load	at 40° collector angle: at 45° collector angle:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7
° ⊟	at 45° collector angle:	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0
δu	at 50 collector angle.	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
	at 55° collector angle:	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
	at 60° collector angle:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	at collector angle greater than 60°:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The values from Table 1 On-roof connection can be increased by 40 % (up to max. 4.1 kN/m²) by inserting an additional carrier profile (3 carrier profiles in total) as the basic carrier and as the collector carrier.

### Flat roof systems

### Wind load calculation according to DIN EN 1991-1-3 and -4 for free-standing flat roof systems

In general, calculation in accordance with standard DIN EN 1991-1-3 and -4 applies for the detailed wind load calculation. The existing recommendation should cover the standard cases and ease handling in daily use However, this recommendation does not release the planning authority from carefully examining the local conditions and having a designated specialist (structural engineer/civil engineer) make a detailed calculation. Consequently, no liability claims can be asserted on this basis.

The following points are decisive

- for the design of the wind load:
- Collector angle
- Backpressure zone/wind zone
- Terrain category/location
- Height of building above terrain
- Building dimensions/shape
- Roof edge height (attic)
- Distance from collectors to roof edge
- Number of collectors in a row

The more exposed, the more free-standing the building is, the higher are the expected wind loads. In city areas, the buildings are often protected from wind by other neighbouring buildings.

Table 3: minimum requirement - number of additional weights

#### Base speed Backpres-Peak speed Number of UltraSol® 2 H per collector row (angle 45°) pressure q_{b,0}¹⁾ (gust speed) v 2) sure Up to 2 Up to 3 Up to 4 Up to 5 Up to 6 Up to 7 Up to 8 collectors collectors collectors collectors collectors collectors collectors kN/m² kN/m² km/h Number of additional weights with 50 kg each 3) m/s 0.19 25.3 0.4 91 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 28.3 4 4 5 5 6 0.5 102 5 5 0.24 0.29 5 6 0.6 31.1 112 6 7 7 7 7 0.34 0.7 33.6 121 6 7 Detailed determination necessary by structural engineer 0.38 0.8 35.8 129 Detailed determination necessary by structural engineer 0.43 0.9 38.7 139 Detailed determination necessary by structural engineer 0.48 40.8 1 147 Detailed determination necessary by structural engineer

 $^{1)}$  Base speed pressure  $\boldsymbol{q}_{b,0}$  according to EN 1991-1-3 and -4

²⁾ Peak speed (gust speed) v_p according to ÖNORM B 1991-1-4

³⁾ Specification of additional weights applies per concrete base

Calculation valid for: attic height > 200 mm; coefficient of friction of underlay mat 0.65; roof distances > 1.5 m

#### Minimum requirement number of additional weights

**Table 3** shows the additional weights for the UltraSol® 2 concrete base system. The information in the table only refers to these isolated cases. The values do not apply for every situation and must be checked and adjusted to the local situation. Consequently, no legal claims can be asserted on this basis. Higher backpressures and wind speeds must be determined and calculated in accordance with DIN EN 1991-1-3 and -4.

At total heights above 10 m, additional anchoring is recommended (safety level 2 or 3). Since the collectors can tilt at higher wind loads, it is especially important that the first row of collectors facing the wind be braced.

The reference value of the backpressure corresponds to the top speed (gusts of a few seconds). Its return period is 50 years. For constructions at locations with unusual wind conditions, for example peaks or ridges, increasing the values should be examined on a case-by-case basis.

## Austria

#### 1. Calculating the wind load

Calculation of the base speed pressure according to ÖNORM B 1991-1-4: Example for AT: <u>https://www.dlubal.com/de/schnee-wind-erdbeben-lastzonen/wind-onorm-b-1991-1-4.html</u>

### Germany

#### 1. Calculating the wind load

Base speeds and speed pressures:

Wind	Base wind speed v _{b.0}	Base speed pressure q _b
zone	in m/s	in kN/m ²
1	< 22.5	0.32
2	< 25.0	0.39
3	< 27.5	0.47
4	< 30.0	0.56

Example for DE: https://www.dlubal.com/de/schnee-wind-erdbeben-lastzonen/wind-din-en-1991-1-4.html

#### Determining the terrain category (TC)

Terrain categories according to DIN EN 1991-1-4:

Terrain category (TC)	Definition
Terrain category I	Open sea; lakes with at least 5 km open area in wind direction; level,
	flat land without obstacles (not for Austria)
Terrain category II	Terrain with hedges, individual farms, houses or trees, e.g. agricultural area
Terrain category III	Suburbs, industrial or commercial areas; woodland
Terrain category IV	Urban areas where at least 15% of the area is occupied by buildings
	with an average height exceeding 15 m

## 2. Determination of the maximum gust speed

#### Gust speed in wind zone 1:

Reference height in metres	GK I in km/h	GK II in km/h	GK III in km/h	GK IV in km/h
0	112	105	100	93
10	136	124	103	93
16	136	124	111	93
20	139	128	115	98

#### Gust speed in wind zone 2:

Reference height in metres	GK I in km/h	GK II in km/h	GK III in km/h	GK IV in km/h
0	124	117	111	104
10	145	131	114	104
16	152	138	123	104
20	155	142	127	109

#### Gust speed in wind zone 3:

Reference height in metres	GK I in km/h	GK II in km/h	GK III in km/h	GK IV in km/h
0	137	129	122	114
10	159	144	126	114
16	167	152	135	114
20	170	156	140	119

#### Gust speed in wind zone 4:

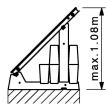
Reference height in metres	GK I in km/h	GK II in km/h	GK III in km/h	GK IV in km/h
0	149	140	133	124
10	174	157	137	124
16	182	166	148	125
20	186	170	153	130

## 3. Determination of the minimum number of additional weights per concrete base according to Table 3

With the value of the maximum gust speed, the number of required additional weights (50 kg each) per concrete base can be calculated. The value in the tables must be above the maximum gust speed of the location.

#### Safety levels for fastening and installation conditions

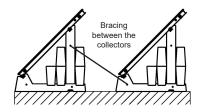
Depending on the building height and situation, the safety of the system must also be increased. The bracing must be created with stable rails or with steel cables.



#### Safety level 1

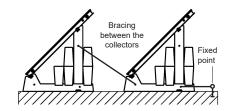
 Increase in dead weight with number of additional weights

M8 threads are moulded on the sides of the concrete base for bracing the collector rows.



#### Safety level 2

- Increase in dead weight with number of additional weights
- Additional fastening of the rows among one another
- · Bracing (e.g. perforated rail)
- Recommended if height of building more than 10 m above terrain
- The bracing must be attached to the edge of the collector field. If there are 4 or more collectors in a row, additional bracing must be fitted in the middle of the array



#### Safety level 3

- Increase in dead weight with number of additional weights
- Additional fastening of the rows among one another
- Fastening of rows to a stable fixed point (on-site)
- On-site bracing (e.g. perforated rail)
- Recommended with backpressure of 1.3 kN/m² or more, or without roof edge (< 20 cm)

#### Substructure of the roof/statics

Before the weights are positioned on the roof, the statics of the roof must be checked. The responsible structural engineer must be consulted. The compressive strength of the substructure must also be checked. Not every type of insulation is suitable for high point loads. If pallets are delivered to the roof, the permissible loads on the roof must be observed. The following table shows the weights per concrete base depending on the number of additional weights.

## Table 4 relates to

- the total weight of the concrete base
- additional weights and
- collector divided by the number of collectors installed in a row

## Weights

Concrete base: 92 kg Additional weight: 50 kg Collector: 43 kg Concrete base contact surface: 0.2 m²

The following number of concrete bases are included in the calculation per row: Number of collectors + 1

If the point load on the structure is too high, the weight can be distributed over a larger area using a load distribution plate under the base.

Table 4	Number of collectors/row Weight per collector in a row in kg									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
with 3 additional weights	527	406	366	346	333	325	320	315		
with 4 additional weights	627	481	432	408	393	384	377	372		
with 5 additional weights	727	556	499	471	453	442	434	428		
with 6 additional weights with 7 additional weights	827 927	631 706	566 632	533 596	513 573	500 559	491 548	484 540		

Fixed point

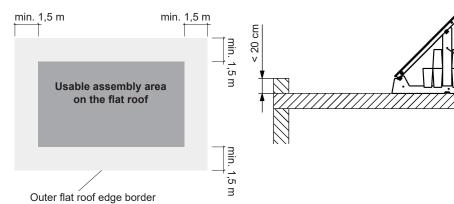
Bracing between the

collectors

### Flat roof edge border zones

To prevent impermissible wind suction loads, the collectors must not be installed near the edges of the roof. The relevant standards must be observed in this case.

When installing solar collectors, the critical areas near the edge must not be used as assembly areas.



## Protection of the roof layer

The flat roof must be protected against damage. Damage to the roof cladding is time-consuming and very cost-intensive to repair. The roof must therefore be thoroughly cleaned before installation. Especially pointed objects such as stones, shards and tools must be removed. The gravel covering must be completely removed in the area of the concrete base. Under the base, the roof cladding must be protected with an insulating mat (e.g. foam rubber mat).

### Flat roof systems without roof edge border

In systems that have no or little flat roof edge border (height less than 20 cm), particular caution is recommended. In this case, the entire construction is exposed to the complete wind forces. That is why we recommend safety level 3 (bracing rows and fastening to a stable fixed point).

# Recommended pipe dimension (copper or stainless steel pipe) for monopropylene glycol/water mixture 40/60 % and 50 $^\circ\text{C}$

Volum	ne flow					N 15 1 mm		N 20 ( 1 mm		N 25 1.5 mm	DN 32 35 x 1.5 mm		DN 40 42 x 1.5 mm		
[l / h]	[l/min]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]	v [m/s]	∆p [mbar/m]
125	2.08	0.44	3.10	0.26	1.10	0.17	0.50	0.11	0.20	0.07	0.10	0.04	0.00	0.03	0.00
150	2.50	0.53	6.70	0.31	1.30	0.21	0.60	0.13	0.20	0.08	0.10	0.05	0.00	0.03	0.00
175	2.92	0.62	8.70	0.37	1.50	0.24	0.70	0.15	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.00	0.04	0.00
200	3.33	0.71	10.90	0.42	3.20	0.28	0.80	0.18	0.30	0.11	0.10	0.07	0.00	0.05	0.00
250	4.17	0.88	15.90	0.52	4.60	0.35	1.70	0.22	0.40	0.14	0.20	0.09	0.10	0.06	0.00
300	5.00	1.06	21.70	0.63	6.30	0.41	2.40	0.27	0.80	0.17	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.07	0.00
350	5.83	1.24	28.30	0.73	8.20	0.48	3.10	0.31	1.10	0.20	0.20	0.12	0.10	0.08	0.00
400	6.67	1.41	35.60	0.84	10.30	0.55	3.90	0.35	1.40	0.23	0.50	0.14	0.10	0.09	0.00
450	7.50	1.59	43.60	0.94	12.60	0.62	4.70	0.40	1.70	0.25	0.60	0.16	0.10	0.10	0.00
500	8.33	1.77	52.40	1.05	15.10	0.69	5.70	0.44	2.00	0.28	0.70	0.17	0.20	0.12	0.10
600	10.00	2.12	71.90	1.26	20.70	0.83	7.80	0.53	2.70	0.34	0.90	0.21	0.30	0.14	0.10
700	11.67	2.48	94.10	1.46	27.10	0.97	10.10	0.62	3.50	0.40	1.20	0.24	0.40	0.16	0.20
800	13.33	2.83	118.90	1.67	34.10	1.11	12.70	0.71	4.40	0.45	1.50	0.28	0.50	0.19	0.20
900	15.00	3.18	146.20	1.88	41.90	1.24	15.60	0.80	5.40	0.51	1.90	0.31	0.60	0.21	0.20
1000	16.67	3.54	175.90	2.09	50.40	1.38	18.80	0.88	6.50	0.57	2.30	0.35	0.70	0.23	0.30
1200	20.00	4.24	242.60	2.51	69.30	1.66	25.80	1.06	8.90	0.68	3.10	0.41	1.00	0.28	0.40
1500	25.00	5.31	360.20	3.14	102.70	2.07	38.10	1.33	13.20	0.85	4.60	0.52	1.40	0.35	0.60
1750	29.17	6.19	473.70	3.66	134.80	2.42	50.00	1.55	17.30	0.99	6.00	0.60	1.90	0.41	0.70
2000	33.33	7.07	601.00	4.19	170.70	2.76	63.30	1.77	21.80	1.13	7.60	0.69	2.30	0.47	0.90
2250	37.50	7.96	741.90	4.71	210.40	3.11	77.90	1.99	26.90	1.27	9.30	0.78	2.90	0.52	1.10
2500	41.67	8.84	896.00	5.23	253.70	3.45	93.90	2.21	32.30	1.41	11.20	0.86	3.50	0.58	1.40
2750	45.83	9.73	1063.00	5.76	300.70	3.80	111.10	2.43	38.20	1.56	13.20	0.95	4.10	0.64	1.60
3000	50.00	10.61	1243.00	6.28	351.20	4.14	129.70	2.65	44.60	1.70	15.40	1.04	4.70	0.70	1.90

V = Flow speed [m/s]

∆р = Pressure drop [mbar/m]

> Recommended pipe dimension =

We recommend using commercially available copper and stainless steel pipe as the pipe raw material, Heat insulation - depending on installation orientation:

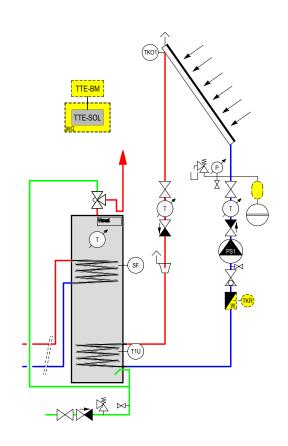
- In the outdoor area, UV radiation resistant and robust (temperature, small animals)

- In the indoor area, depending on requirement, provide with fire and/or with touch protection

Table does not apply for corrugated tube. Further information see solar cable SL

# Solar system for hot water with calorifiersolar return armature group

Hydraulic schematic BAAE020



#### Important notices

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. Installation must be carried out according to the conditions on site, dimensioning and local regulations.
- With underfloor heating, a flow tempera-_ ture monitor must be installed.
- Shut-off devices to the safety equipment _ (pressure expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) must be secured against unintentional closing!
- Mount bags to prevent single pipe gravity circulation! _

TTE-SOL	TopTronic [®] E solar module
SF	Calorifier sensor
TKO1	Collector sensor 1
T1U	Storage tank sensor
PS1	Solar circuit pump
Option TTE-BM WG	TopTronic [®] E control module Wall casing

Return sensor

TKR

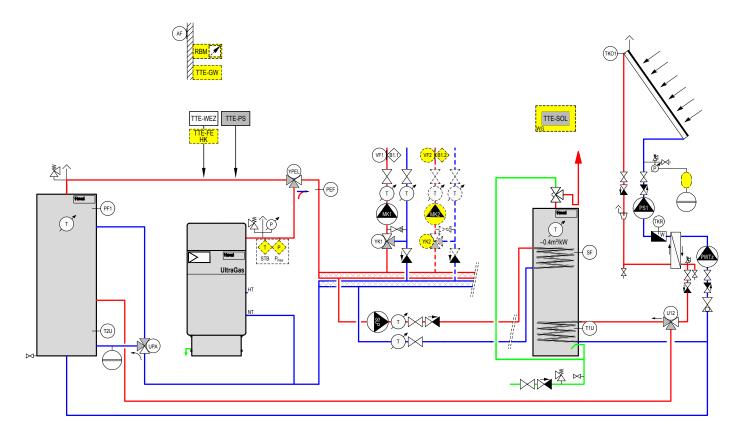
## Partial solar room heating and gas

Solar system for heating and hot water with

- partial solar room heating
- . UltraGas®
- discharging mixing valve -
- energy buffer storage tank -
- calorifier -

1-2 mixer circuits

Hydraulic schematic HCE010



#### Important notices

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. Installation must be carried out according to the conditions on site, dimensioning and local regulations.
- With underfloor heating, a flow temperature monitor must be installed.
- Shut-off devices to the safety equipment -(pressure expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) must be secured against unintentional closing!
- Mount bags to prevent single pipe gravity _ circulation!

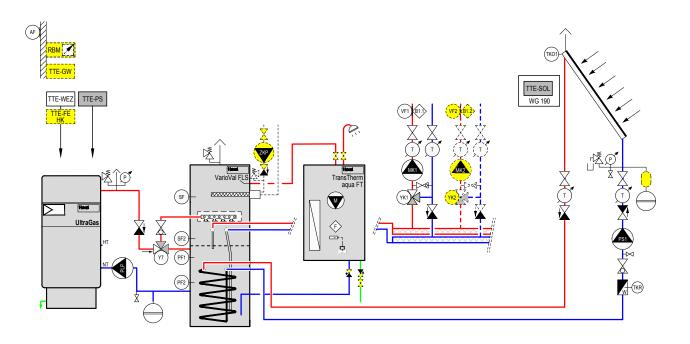
TTE-WEZ	TopTronic [®] E basic module heat generator (installed)
TTE-PS	TopTronic [®] E buffer module
TTE-SOL	TopTronic [®] E solar module
VF1	Flow temperature sensor 1
B1.1	Flow temperature guard (if required)
MK1	Pump mixer circuit 1
YK1	Actuator mixer 1
AF	Outdoor sensor
SF	Calorifier sensor
TKO1	Collector sensor 1
T1U	Storage tank sensor
PF1	Buffer sensor 1
UPA	Actuator, start load relief (single-wire control)
SLP	Calorifier charging pump
PS1	Solar circuit pump
TKR	Return sensor
PWTz	Pump heat exchanger central
PEF	Buffer dicharging sensor
YPEL	Actuator discharging mixer
U12	Switch-over unit storage tank
<i>Option</i> RBM TTE-GW WG	TopTronic [®] E room control module TopTronic [®] E Gateway Wall casing
TTE-FE HK	TopTronic [®] E module expansion heating circuit
VF2	Flow temperature sensor 2
B1.2	Flow temperature guard (if required)
MK2	Pump mixer circuit 2
YK2	Actuator mixer 2

## Partial solar room heating and gas

Solar system for heating and domestic hot water with

- partially solar room heating
- UltraGas®
- buffer storage tank integration charging control
- VarioVal FLS
- 1-2 mixer circuits
- Solar collectors
- TransTherm aqua FT

## Hydraulic schematic HCE110/BABE100

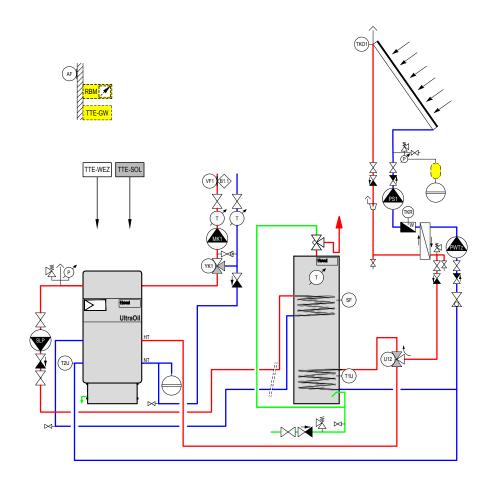


### Important notices

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. Installation must be carried out according to the conditions on site, dimensioning and local regulations.
- With underfloor heating, a flow temperature monitor must be installed.
- Shut-off devices to the safety equipment (pressure expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) must be secured against unintentional closing!
- Mount bags to prevent single pipe gravity circulation!

TTE-WEZ TTE-PS TTE-SOL VF1 B1.1 MK1 YK1 AF SF SF2 TK01 Y7 PF1 PF2 TKR PS1 PLP ZKP	TopTronic [®] E basic module heat generator (installed) TopTronic [®] E buffer module TopTronic [®] E solar module Flow temperature sensor 1 Flow temperature guard (if required) Pump mixer circuit 1 Actuator mixer 1 Outdoor sensor Calorifier sensor 2 Collector sensor 1 Switching valve Buffer sensor 1 Buffer sensor 2 Return sensor Solar circuit pump Buffer charging pump Recirculation pump
<i>Option</i> RBM TTE-GW WG TKR	TopTronic [®] E room control module TopTronic [®] E Gateway Wall casing Return sensor
TTE-FE HK VF2 B1.2 MK2 YK2	TopTronic [®] E module expansion heating circuit Flow temperature sensor 2 Flow temperature guard (if required) Pump mixer circuit 2 Actuator mixer 2

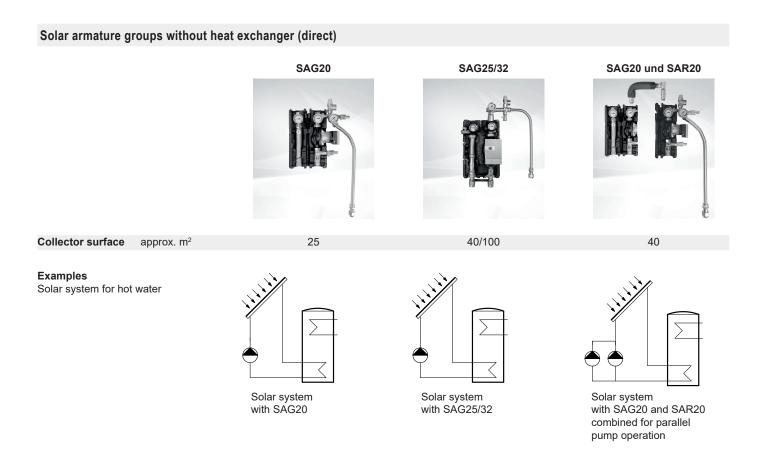
Partial solar room heating and gas Hydraulic schematic BEBE060



#### Important notices

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. Installation must be carried out according to the conditions on site, dimensioning and local regulations.
- With underfloor heating, a flow temperature monitor must be installed.
- Shut-off devices to the safety equipment (pressure expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) must be secured against unintentional closing!
- Mount bags to prevent single pipe gravity circulation!

TTE-WEZ	TopTronic [®] E basic module heat generator (installed)
TTE-SOL	TopTronic [®] E solar module
VF1	Flow temperature sensor 1
B1.1	Flow temperature guard (if required)
MK1	Pump mixer circuit 1
YK1	Actuator mixer 1
AF	Outdoor sensor
SF	Calorifier sensor
TKO1	Collector sensor 1
T1U	Storage tank sensor 1
T2U	Storage tank sensor 2
SLP	Calorifier charging pump
PS1	Solar circuit pump
TKR	Return sensor
PWTz	Pump heat exchanger central
U12	Switch-over unit storage tank
Option	
RBM	TopTronic [®] E room control module
TTE-GW	TopTronic [®] E Gateway
112-000	lop nome L Cateway

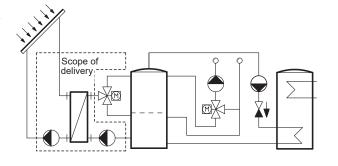


## Solar armature groups with heat exchanger

			TransThe	rm solar	
		(25)	(50)	(100)	(200)
Collector surface	approx. m ²	25	50	100	150
Lleet evelopmen	la suité ins				
Heat exchanger	built in				
Reversing valve	external (option)	•		-	

#### Example

Solar system for heating and hot water Storage stratified charge top or centre with reversing valve



## Hoval solar armature group SAG20

- Solar armature group DN 20 (3/4")
- Circulating pump included separately
- 2 ball valves (key-operated)
- with thermometer
- Backflow preventer in the flow and return • Adjustable flow rate with display (1-20 l/min.) or FlowRotor (0.5-15 l/min.) with PT1000 sensors (only for type FR)
- · Permanent air vent AirStop
- · Safety device
  - Safety valve (6 bar)
  - Pressure gauge (6 bar)
  - Flexible connection hose made of stainless steel for the pressure expansion tank
- · Rinsing and filling unit
- . Shapely designed heat damming box made of EPP half shells

#### Delivery

- · Solar armature group packed
- · Pump delivered separately packed

## Hoval solar armature group SAG25/SAG32

- · Solar armature group DN 25 (1") / DN 32 (11/4")
- Circulating pump separately packed
- 2 ball valves (key-operated) with thermometer
- Backflow preventer in the flow and return
- Safety device (6 bar)
- Safety valve (6 bar) -
- Pressure gauge -
- Flexible connection hose made of stainless steel for the pressure expansion tank
- · Rinsing and filling unit
- · Wall mounting console enclosed separately
- Shapely designed heat damming box made of EPP half shells

## Delivery

- · Solar armature packed
- Pump delivered separately packed
- · Optional calibration valves and air vent available (recommended)

## Hoval solar return armature group SAR20

- Solar return armature group DN 20 (¾")
- Circulating pump included separately ٠
- Ball valve (key-operated) with thermometer
- Backflow preventer
- Adjustable flow rate with display (1-20 l/min.) or FlowRotor (0.5-15 l/min.) with PT1000 sensors (only for type FR)
- Safety device
  - Safety valve (6 bar)
  - Pressure gauge (6 bar)
- Flexible connection hose made of stainless steel for the pressure expansion tank
- Rinsing and filling unit
- Shapely designed heat damming box • made of EPP half shells
- Incl. screw connection 1" inner thread for mounting at the calorifier

## Delivery

- · Solar armature group packed
- · Pump delivered separately packed





Solar armature/	Continuous flow measurement range			Speed control		
<b>group/pump</b> Type	Calibration valve I/min	FlowRotor I/min		air) M		
SAG20/SPS 7	1-20	-	•	•	•	
SAG20/SPS 7 PM2 ¹	1-20	-		•		
SAG20ER/SPS 7 PM2 1	_	0.5-15				

SAG20FR/SPS 7 PM2 1 ¹ Actuation of pump only possible with PWM-capable controller (TopTronic[®] E)





Solar armature group/pump	Continuous flow measurement range Calibration valve FlowRotor		Speed control		
Туре	l/min	l/min		air) 🎧 🕕	
SAG25/SPS 8 PM2	10-40 ¹	1-35 ¹	•	•	•
SAG32/SPS 12 PM2	20-70 ¹	5-100 ¹	•	•	•

#### SAG25/SPS SAG32/SPS 12 PM2

¹ Optional accessory (recommended): calibration valve or FlowRotor



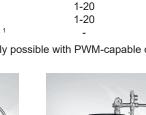


Solar return	Continuous flow mea	Speed control		
<b>armature group/pump</b> Type	Calibration valve I/min	FlowRotor I/min		
SAR20/SPS 7 SAR20FR/SPS 7 PM2 ¹	1-20 -	- 0.5-15	• •	•

¹ Actuation of pump only possible with PWM-capable controller (TopTronic® E)

FR = integrated volume flow sensor **PWM** = variable volume flow possible

Speed contro	l legend
Δp-v	Variable differential pressure
e air) ENF	Vent function 10 min.
200	
	PWM control signal solar
[]∆р-с	Constant differential pressure



## Part No.

6049 481 6049 482

## Solar armature groups



## Hoval Solar armature groups SAG20/25/32

Solar armature group/pump	Continuous flow measurement range			
	Calibration valve	Flow Rotor		
Туре	l/min	l/min		
SAG20/SPS 7	1-20	-		
SAG20/SPS 7 PM2 ^{2,3}	1-20	-		
SAG20FR/SPS 7 PM2 2,3	-	0.5-15		
SAG25/SPS 8 PM2 ²	10-40 ¹	1-35 ¹		
SAG32/SPS 12 PM2 ²	20-70 ¹	5-100 ¹		



## Hoval Solar return armature groups SAR20

Solar return armature group/pump		, uous flow ment range
	Calibratior valve	n Flow Rotor
Туре	l/min	l/min
SAR20/SPS 7	1-20	-
SAR20FR/SPS 7 PM2 3	-	0.5-15

¹ Optional accessory (recommended):

calibration valve or FlowRotor

² with PWM interface

³ Actuation of pump only possible with PWM-capable controller (TopTronic® E)

FR = integrated volume flow sensor

Hoval solar armature groups	
-----------------------------	--

		Part No.
Accessories		
	Solar controller set WM complete for wall mounting consisting of a black housing incl. TopTronic® E solar module 1x immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L = 5 m 1x collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T, L = 2.5 m Basic connector set Blind cover for control module cut-out incl. wall mounting material TopTronic [®] E control module as an option	6027 257
	Solar controller set AG complete for mounting on regulating armature SAG20 or SAR20 consisting of a black housing incl. TopTronic [®] E solar module 1x immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L = 5 m 1x collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T, L = 2.5 m Basic connector set Blind cover for control module cut-out TopTronic [®] E control module as an option	6037 492
	<ul> <li>TopTronic[®] E control module black</li> <li>For operation of all controller modules connected to the bus system (basic, solar, buffer modules, ecc.)</li> <li>Connection to the Hoval Bus system by RJ45 plug connection or plug-in terminals (max. 0.75 mm²)</li> <li>Flat design with flexible mounting option</li> <li>Mounting <ul> <li>in the control panel of the heat generator,</li> <li>in the Hoval wall casing,</li> <li>on the front of the control panel</li> </ul> </li> <li>Colour touchscreen 4.3 inch with black high-gloss trim</li> <li>Customer-specific configuration of the start-up screen</li> <li>Display of the current weather or weather forecast (only possible in combination with HovalConnect)</li> </ul> <li>Consisting of: <ul> <li>TopTronic[®] E control module black</li> <li>clamping device set for control module</li> <li>RJ45 Rast-5 CAN cable, L = 500</li> </ul> </li>	6043 844

## Part No.

## Accessories



Cal	ibrati	ion	valv	e TI	N

As regulating and shut-off valve with direct display of the flow rate on the sight glass. Max. working temperature: 185  $^\circ\text{C}$ 

DN	Measuring range [l/min]	Connection Rp x Rp	kvs
20	2-12	³ ⁄4" X ³ ⁄4"	2.2
20	8-30	³ /4" X ³ /4"	5.0
25	10-40	1" x 1"	8.1
32	20-70	1¼" x 1¼"	17.0



FlowRotor kit
for performance related control,
system monitoring and heat metering
Consisting of:
Proximity-type volume flow sensor
and PT1000 sensors
Pre-assembled ready for connection,
sensor cable included
Operating temperature: max. 120 °C
DN 20: can be installed in the insulation
of an SAG/SAR20
DN25/32: can be installed under an SAG25/32

DN	Measuring range [l/min]	Connection	
20	0.5-15	3/4"	6037 631
25	1-35	1″	6037 632
32	5-100	1¼″	6037 693



#### Permanent air vent AirStop

for permanent degassing.	
Manual exhaust valve.	
Installation in the collector flow.	
Connections: top R ¾", bottom Rp ¾"	641 311
Connections: top R 1", bottom Rp 1"	641 463



## Permanent air vent With high air separation performance

due to filter of stainless steel. For permanent degassing. Installation in horizontal pipes of the collector return. Max. operating temperature 160 °C Max. operating pressure PN 10

Туре	kvs m³/h	Application limit I/min	
3/4"	10.0	23	6014 392
1″	28.1	35	6031 803
11⁄4″	48.8	58	6031 804

736 Hoval

# Hoval solar armature groups

		Part No.
	<b>Solar flow armature group SVS20</b> to prevent unwanted circulation in the flow of the solar installations. Ball valve made of brass with adjustable gravity brake, thermometer 0-160 °C, wall mounting set	6015 058
	<b>Connection set VS-DSA 20</b> Set for connection (parallel connection) of two solar armature groups Consisting of: - pipe connection - screwings and insulation	6021 159
	<b>Clamping ring connector</b> for the connection of solar armature groups DN 20 (¾"), self-sealing with O-ring, metallic clamping ring and stilt sleeve. Applicable up to 150 °C. Connection ¾" outer thread x 15 mm Connection ¾" outer thread x 18 mm Connection ¾" outer thread x 22 mm	6010 055 6010 056 6010 057
Patinone Biograde	Straight-way ball valve VAG60DN 15-25, PN 16, 120 °C• Brass straight-way ball valve with threaded connection• incl. seals and screw connectionsDNConnectionkvsV [m³/h] at ValveValveFittingm³/hΔP 50 mbar	
	15       G 1"       Rp ½"       9       2.01         20       G 1¼"       Rp ¾"       17       3.80         25       G 1½"       Rp 1"       22       4.92	6046 579 6046 580 6046 581
	<i>Suitable motor drive</i> Type Voltage Control Actua- signal tor run time	
	GLB341.9E 230 V / 50/60 Hz 2/3-point 150 s	2070 331

## Part No.

					Part No.
Accessories					
	<ul> <li>Switching ball valve VBI60L</li> <li>DN 15-32, PN 40, -10120 °C</li> <li>Ball valve body made of brass</li> <li>Connections with internal thread Rp acc. to ISO 7-1</li> <li>Leakage rate: 00.0001% of Kvs value</li> </ul>				
	DN	Connectio	n kvs m³/h		
	15	Rp ½″	5		6052 422
	20	Rp ¾″	9		6052 443
	25	Rp 1″	9		6052 444
	32	Rp 1¼″	13		6052 445
		·			
	<i>Suitable</i> Type	<i>motor drive</i> Voltag	e Control signal	Actua- tor run time	
	GLB341	.9E 230 V / 50/	60 Hz 2-/3-poir	nt 150 s	2070 331
	3-way-m of the wa Material Connect Hot wate Adjustme Flow rate	static water m hixing valve for f ater temperatur brass ion dimension l er temperature f ent range 30-60 e 27 I/min (at de efficient value (k	regulating e R ¾″ max. 90 °C ) °C elta p = 1 bar)		2005 915
Thermostatic mixing valve JRG 3-way mixing valve, made of brass, for regulating of the water temperature. Hot water max. 90 °C Adjusting range 45-65 °C Factory setting for: 55 °C Pressure: PN 10 Connections: outer thread (JRG 25-50) Flanges (JRG 65) incl. screwed joint					
	Туре	Dimension	Connection size	kvs value m³/h	
	JRG 25 JRG 32 JRG 40 JRG 50 JRG 65	1" 1¼" 1½" 2" DN 65	1½" 2" 2¼" 2¾" DN 65	4.0 8.5 12.0 16.0 28.0	2061 407 2061 408 2061 409 2061 410 2038 638

Hoval solar armature groups

Part No.

Freeze protection mixture PowerCool DC 923-PXL on basis propylene glycol mixed with softened water with corrosion protection Frost protection: up to -23 °C Content plastic container: 30 kg	2054 403
Freeze protection concentrate PowerCool DC 924-PXL	2009 987

on basis propylene glycol completely mixable with water with corrosion protection Frost protection: -20 °C with

Content plastic container: 10 kg

40 % mixture ratio

## Part No.

## Hoval pressure expansion tanks

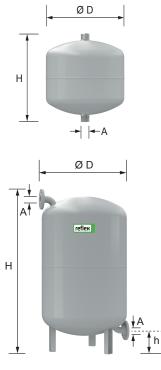




#### **Reflex S**

Especially for solar installations and also for heating and cooling water systems. For anti-freeze additive up to 50 %. Permitted operating pressure 10 bar. Permitted operating temperature of vessel/diaphragm 120 °C/70 °C. Type S 8-25 for wall installation with clamping band (clamping band see accessories) Type S 33 for wall installation with lugs. Type S 50-600 with feet.

Reflex type	Ø D mm	H mm	h mm	A
S 8	206	335	-	G ¾″
S 12	280	300	-	G ¾″
S 18	280	410	-	G ¾″
S 25	280	520	-	G ¾″
S 33	354	455	-	G ¾″
S 50	409	469	158	R ¾″
S 80	480	565	166	R 1″
S 100	480	670	166	R 1″
S 140	480	941	166	R 1″
S 200	634	758	205	R 1″
S 250	634	888	205	R 1″
S 300	634	1092	235	R 1″
S 400	740	1102	245	R 1″
S 500	740	1321	245	R 1″
S 600	740	1559	245	R 1″



#### **Reflex V**

In-line vessel made of sheet steel, from Reflex V 40 on feet. Designed for operating pressures up to 10 bar. Type V 6-20 for wall installation with clamping band (clamping band see accessories).

Reflex	ØD	Н	h	A	
type	mm	mm	mm		
V 6	206	244	-	R ¾″	2032 084
V 12	280	287	-	R ¾″	2032 085
V 20	280	360	-	R ¾″	2032 086
V 40	409	562	113	R 1″	2057 249
V 60	409	732	172	R 1″	2006 864
V 200	634	901	142	DN 40/PN 16	242 824
V 300	634	1201	142	DN 40/PN 16	242 825
V 350	640	1341	210	DN 40/PN 16	242 827

## Further information

see "Various system components"

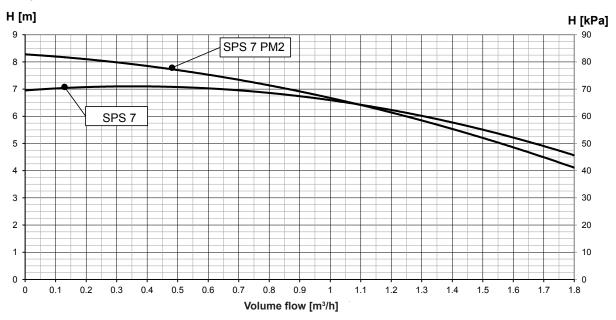
		Part No.
Accessories	<b>Console with strap-on band</b> for Reflex NG 8-25, S 8-25, V 6-20 vertical installation container connection upwards or downwards	242 878
champer con- residuisseite	Quick connection SU R ³ / ₄ " x ³ / ₄ " for diaphragm-type expansion chambers in closed heating and cooling water plants. With shut-off valve against unintended closing (check ball) and drain according to DIN 4751 Part 2, tested by TÜV Connection R ³ / ₄ " PN 10/120 °C	242 771
Chargber con- ansteno.sideite	Quick connection SU R 1" x 1" for diaphragm-type expansion chambers in closed heating and cooling water plants. With shut-off valve against unintended closing (check ball) and drain according to DIN 4751 Part 2 tested by TÜV Connection R 1" PN10/120 °C	242 772

# Solar armature groups

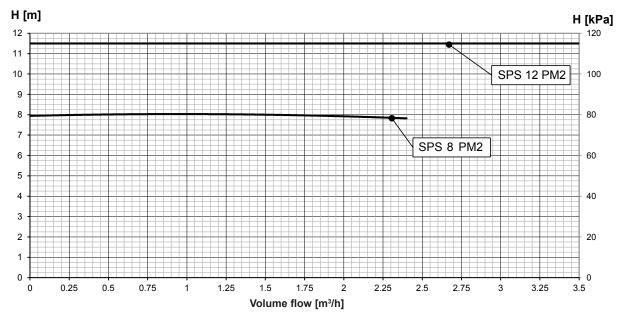
Туре			SAR20	SAR20FR	SAG20	SAG20	SAG20FR	SAG25	SAG32
<ul><li>Pump</li><li>Voltage</li><li>Maximum power cons</li><li>Maximum current</li></ul>	umption		SPS 7 1 x 230 V 45 W 0.44 A	SPS 7 PM2 1 x 230 V 45 W 0.44 A	SPS 7 1 x 230 V 45 W 0.44 A	SPS 7 PM2 1 x 230 V 45 W 0.44 A	SPS 7 PM2 1 x 230 V 45 W 0.44 A	SPS 8 PM2 1 x 230 V 130 W 0.95 A	SPS 12 PM2 1 x 230 V 310 W 1.37 A
Flow measuring range	Calibration valve FlowRotor	l/min l/min	1-20 -	- 0.5-15	1-20 -	1-20 -	- 0.5-15	10-40 ¹ 1-35 ¹	20-70 ¹ 5-100 ¹
<ul><li>Maximum pressure</li><li>Maximum temperatur</li></ul>	e temporary	bar °C	6 110	6 110	6 110	6 110	6 110	6 110	6 110

* Optional accessory (recommended): calibration valve or FlowRotor

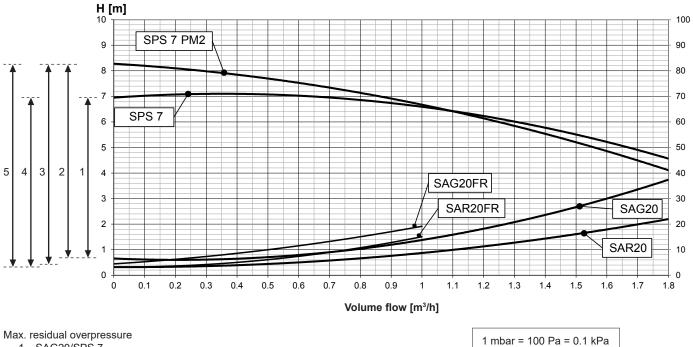
# Pump characteristic curves SAG20 and SAR20



Pump characteristic curves SAG25 and SAG32

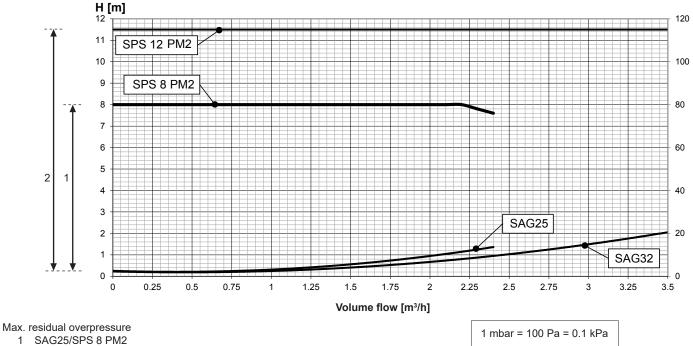


# Residual overpressure SAG20, SAG20FR, SAR20 and SAR20FR



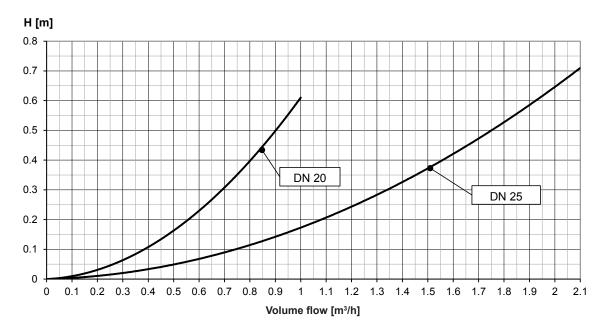
- 1 SAG20/SPS 7
- 2 SAG20/SPS 7 PM2
- SAG20FR/SPS 7 PM2 3
- 4 SAR20/SPS 7
- 5 SAR20FR/SPS 7 PM2

**Residual overpressure SAG25 and SAG32** 



1 SAG32/SPS 12 PM2 2

# Pressure drop FlowRotor DN 20 and DN 25

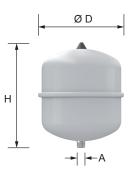


# **Expansion chambers Reflex**

### **Reflex S**

- · For solar, heating and cooling water systems
- Vessel nominal volume 8-600 L
  For anti-freeze additive up to 50 %
- Permissible operating overpressure 10 barPermissible operating temperature
- container/diaphragm 120 °C/70 °C Type S8-S33 for wall installation
- ٠
- Type S50-S80 with feet

Type 10 bar/120 °C	Weight kg	Ø D mm	H mm	h mm	А	Pre-pressure bar
S 8	2.5	206	316	-	G ¾″	1.5
S 12	2.5	280	300	-	G ¾″	1.5
S 18	3.2	280	374	-	G ¾″	1.5
S 25	4.5	280	496	-	G ¾″	1.5
S 33	6.3	354	455	-	G ¾″	1.5
S 50	9.5	409	469	158	R ⅔⁄4″	3.0
S 80	14.6	480	538	166	R 1″	3.0
S 100	15.5	480	644	166	R 1″	3.0
S 140	17.4	480	941	166	R 1″	3.0
S 200	35.6	634	758	205	R 1″	3.0
S 250	40.8	634	888	205	R 1″	3.0
S 300	47.0	634	1092	235	R 1″	3.0
S 400	61.0	740	1102	245	R 1″	3.0
S 500	72.0	740	1321	245	R 1″	3.0
S 600	87.0	740	1559	245	R 1″	3.0

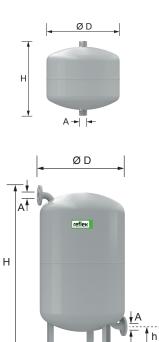




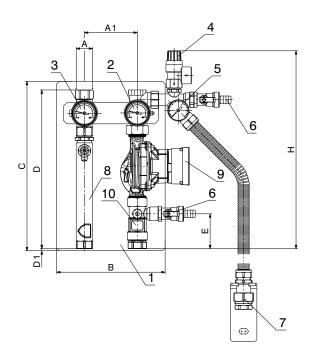
### Reflex V

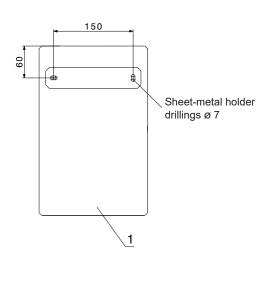
- · Intermediate tank made of sheet steel from Reflex V 40 on feet
- Required for installations with return temperatures > 70 °C
- · Use also as buffer storage tank
- Permitted operating temperature 120 °C • and for operating pressures up to 10 bar

Type 10 bar/120 °C	Weight kg	Ø D mm	H mm	h mm	A
V 6	2.0	206	244	-	R ¾"
V 12	3.0	280	287	-	R ¾″
V 20	4.0	280	360	-	R ¾″
V 40	7.8	409	562	113	R 1″
V 60	23.0	409	732	172	R 1″
V 200	43.0	634	901	142	DN 40/PN 16
V 300	48.0	634	1201	142	DN 40/PN 16
V 350	51.0	640	1341	210	DN 40/PN 16

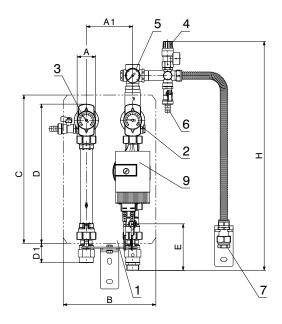


# Solar armature group SAG20





# Solar armature group SAG25/32

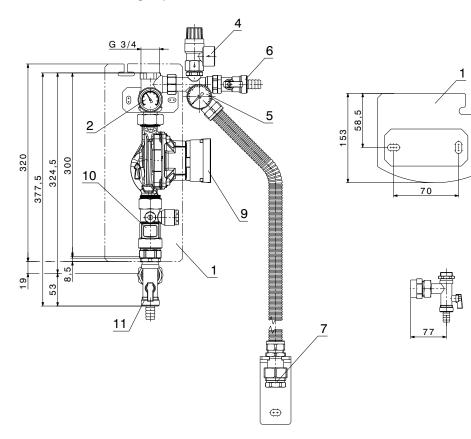


Wall mounting SAG 25/32 Bracket with variably adjustable distance to the wall

- 1 Insulation
- 2 Thermometer blue
- 3 Thermometer red
- 4 Safety valve
- 5 Pressure gauge 1/4" 0-6 bar
- 6 Ball valve with lock nut
- 7 Container connection coupling
- 8 Airstop
- 9 Solar pump
- 10 Flow meter

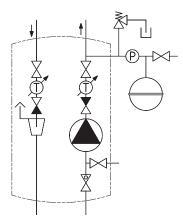
Туре	А	A1	В	С	D	D1	Е	Н
DN 20	Rp ¾″	100	205	320	300	7	66	371
DN 25	Rp 1″	125	250	380	340	89	172	744
DN 32	Rp 1¼″	125	250	440	400	52	126	618

# Solar return armature group SAR20

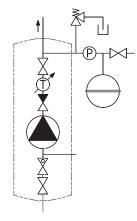


- Insulation 1
- 2 Thermometer blue
- 4 Safety valve 5
- Pressure gauge ¼" 0-6 bar Ball valve with lock nut 6
  - Container connection coupling
- 7 9 Solar pump
- 10 Flow meter
- Ball valve with flange 11

Schematic diagram of the solar armature group SAG20

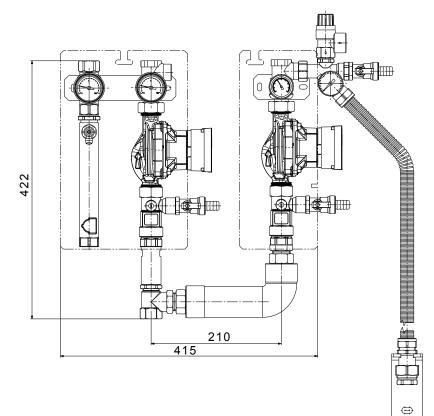


Schematic diagram of the solar return armature group SAR20

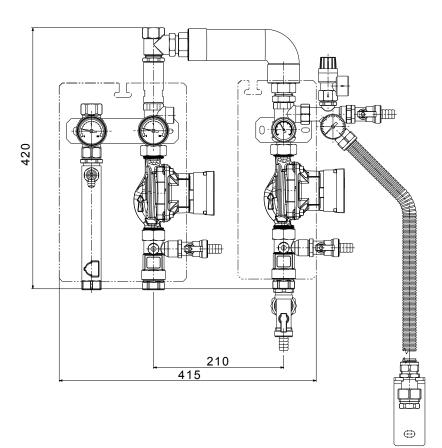


Schematic diagram

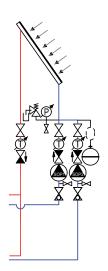
# Connection set VS-DSA 20 Connection of two solar armature groups bottom



# Connection set VS-DSA 20 Connection of two solar armature groups top

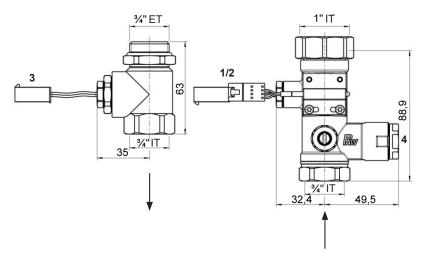


Schematic diagram



# Kit FlowRotor (Dimensions in mm)





- 1 Flow rate sensor
- 2 3
- Temperature sensor for heat metering Temperature sensor for heat metering
- 4 Flushing port

### Dimensioning guidelines for expansion tanks of solar plants in the small range

The expansion tank is used for accommodating the expansion in volume of the heat carrier fluid in the solar circuit. Its size must be selected according to the applicable design regulations for expansion tanks.

If there is a possibility of the plant operating in standby mode for a long period, i.e. without heat output, it is necessary for the expansion tank to be able to hold the entire content of the collector array in addition to the expansion volume.

### Circuit

The expansion tank must be arranged with a safety valve in the return to the collector which cannot be blocked off, as a result of which there is bound to be follow-up pressure maintenance, i.e. integration of the expansion tank on the pressure side of the circulating pump.

# Selected example - solar installation, safety valve 6 bar:

Installation with 6 UltraSol[®] 2 collectors vertical System height 15 m

Take account of the following for the effective expansion volume in litres:

1. Volume: Collector field volume and flow at 100 % Plant volume at 10 % incl. heat exchanger

2. Useful volume of the pressure expansion tank depending on the system height.

6 vertical UltraSol® 2 collectors of	2.5	litres	at 100 %	15.2 I
Flow	12.5	litres	at 100 %	12.5 I
Return	12.5	litres	at 10 %	1.25 I
Heat exchanger	37	litres	at 10 %	3.7
Expansion volume			-	32.63 I

Min. preliminary pressure:

System height + 0.3 bar = 1.8 bar (18 m) In the table, select the next-higher preliminary pressure: 2 bar If the expansion tank is connected on the pressure side of the pump, the pressure value of the pump must be included in calculation to prevent cavitation. System height + pump pressure + 0.3 bar

selected:

pressure expansion tank type Reflex NG 80/6

Intermediate tank (if tR >70 °C!) Contents collectors = 15.2 litres selected: intermediate tank type **V20** 

Execution: A system-based configuration is mandatory!

### Selection table Reflex NG/N/S

				with safety	valve 6 ba	r	
		Ca	apacity V _N			n tank in litre	es
				with a pre-p	pressure of		
Туре		1.5 bar	2 bar	2.5 bar	3 bar	3.5 bar	4 bar
18/6	L	8	6	5	4	2	1
25/6	L	12	10	8	6	4	3
35/6	L	17	15	13	10	7	5
50/6	L	26	22	19	15	12	8
80/6	L	41	36	31	26	20	15
100/6	L	51	45	38	32	26	19
140/6	L	72	63	54	45	36	27
200/6	L	103	90	77	64	51	38
250/6	L	128	112	96	80	64	48
300/6	L	154	135	115	96	77	58
400/6	L	205	180	154	128	103	77
500/6	L	256	224	192	160	128	96
600/6	L	308	269	231	192	154	115
800/6	L	410	359	308	256	205	154
1000/6	L	513	449	385	321	256	192
Maximum p system heig		12 m	17 m	22 m	27 m	32 m	37 m

* System height = middle of pressure expansion tank up to the uppermost point on the heating system / solar installation

### Hoval Solar charging modules

TransTherm solar (25), DN 20 (³/₄") TransTherm solar (50), DN 20 (³/₄") TransTherm solar (100), DN 25 (1") TransTherm solar (200), DN 40 (1¹/₂")

- Solar charging module for the transfer of heat from the primary circuit (solar circuit) to the secondary circuit (energy buffer storage tank; secondary side not suitable for direct domestic water heating)
- Circulating pump pre-installed for primary and secondary circuit
- Flow rate sensor FlowRotor with PT1000 sensors installed in the primary circuit
- Tacosetter installed in secondary circuitTransTherm solar (25):
- 4 ball valves with thermometer
- TransTherm solar (50,100,200): 4 ball valves
- Gravity brake in flow and return of primary circuit and in return of secondary circuit
- Stainless steel plate heat exchanger
- Permanent exhaust valve AirStop
- · Safety devices:
  - safety valve (6 bar) for the primary circuit
  - pressure gauge
  - flexible connection hose made of stainless steel for the membrane pressure expansion tank and
  - safety valve for the secondary circuit
    TransTherm solar (25): 3 bar
- TransTherm solar (50,100,200): 6 bar
  Rinsing and filling unit
- Heat damming box made of EPP half shells
- Wall mounting plate

### Delivery

· Solar charging module packed











### **Solar charging modules** TransTherm solar

Туре	Possible measuring range I/min	Pump primary circuit Type	Pump secondary circuit Type
(25)	0.5-15	PM2 15-145	PM2 15-65
(50)	0.5-15	PM2 15-145	PM2 15-65
(100)	1-35	PML 25-145	UPM2 25-75
(200)	5-100	UPM XL 25-125	UPML 25-105

¹ variable volume flow possible (PWM)

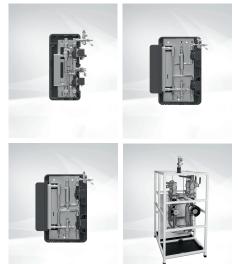






# Part No.

# Solar heat transfer stations



Hoval Solar charging modules								
Trans Therm solar Type	Possible measuring range I/min	Pump primary circuit Typ	Pump secondary circuit Typ					
(25)	0.5-15	PM2 15-145 ¹⁾	PM2 15-65 ¹⁾					
(50) (100)	0.5-15 1-35	PM2 15-145 ¹⁾ PML 25-145 ¹⁾	PM2 15-65 ¹⁾ UPM2 25-75 ¹⁾					
(200)	5-100	UPM XL 25-125 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$	UPML 25-105 ¹⁾					

variable volume flow possible (PWM); FlowRotor installed in the primary circuit Optional accessories secondary circuit (recommended): FlowRotor or balancing valve Actuation of pump only possible with PWM-capable controller (TopTronic[®] E) 1

6037 694 6037 695 6037 696 6037 697

# Part No.

### Accessories











# Solar balancing valve with bypass

As a line balancing and shut-off valve with direct indication of the set flow rate on the sight glass.

Max. operating temperature 185 °C

"System components"

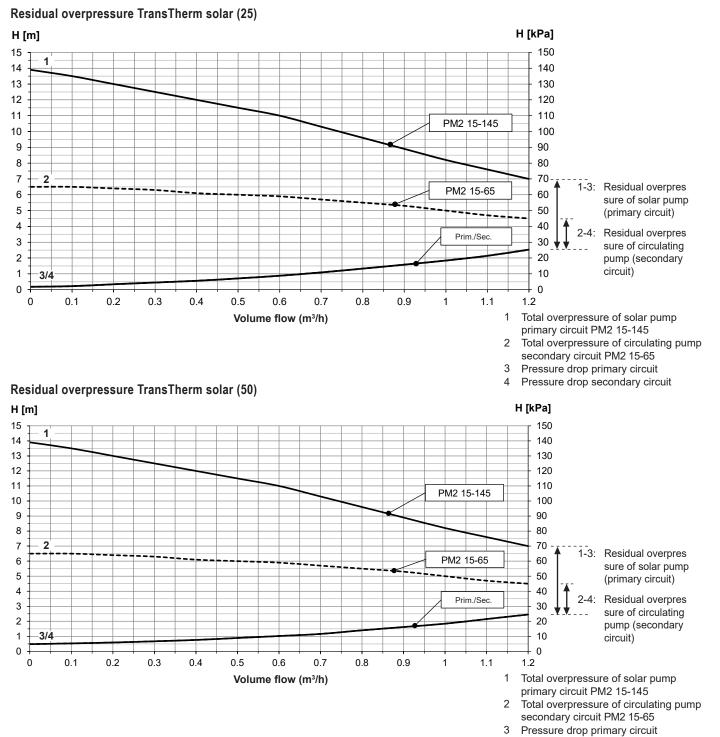
DN	Measuring range [l/min]	Connection Rp x Rp	kvs
20	2-12	³ ⁄4" X ³ ⁄4"	2.2
20	8-30	³ /4" X ³ /4"	5.0
25	10-40	1″ x 1″	8.1
32	20-70	1¼" x 1¼"	17.0

system mc Consisting Proximity-1 and PT100 Pre-assem sensor cab Operating DN 20: can of an SAG	nance related co nitoring and heat of: ype volume flow 00 sensors abled ready for co ble included temperature: man ble installed in f	at metering sensor connection, ax. 120 °C the insulatior						
	Measuring ange [l/min] C	Connection						
20 25 32	0.5-15 1-35 5-100	³ /4" 1" 1 ¹ /4"			6037 631 6037 632 6037 693			
for permar Manual ex Installation Connection	Permanent air vent AirStop for permanent degassing. Manual exhaust valve. Installation in the collector flow.641 311 641 463Connections: top R ¾", bottom Rp ¾"641 463							
<ul> <li>DN 15-40,</li> <li>Ball value</li> <li>Connection acc. to I</li> </ul>	ball valve VBI PN 40, -10120 re body made of tions with interna SO 7-1 e rate: 00.0001	<b>) °C</b> brass Il thread Rp	lue					
DN	Connection	kvs m³/h						
15 20 25 32 40	Rp ½" Rp ¾" Rp 1" Rp 1¼" Rp 1½"	5 9 13 25			6052 422 6052 443 6052 444 6052 445 6052 446			
<i>Suitable m</i> Type	o <i>tor drive</i> Voltage	Control signal	Actua- tor run time					
GLB341.9	GLB341.9E 230 V / 50/60 Hz 2-/3-point 150 s 2070 331							
see chap "Solar arr	accessories ter "TopTronic [®] E nature groups" r components"		le",					

# TransTherm solar (25-200)

Pump - primary/secondary circuit         PM2 15-65         PM2 15-65         UPM2 25-75         UPML 25-1           Voltage         V         1x230         1x230         1x230         1x230         1x230           Max. power consumption - primary/secondary circuit         W         69/48         69/48         140/70         180/140           Max. current - primary/secondary circuit         A         0.68/0.4         0.68/0.4         1.18/0.52         1.4/1.1           Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit         bar         6/3         6/6         6/6         6/6           Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95						
Pump - primary/secondary circuit         PM2 15-65         PM2 15-65         UPM2 25-75         UPML 25-75           Voltage         V         1x230         1x230         1x230         1x230         1x230           Max. power consumption - primary/secondary circuit         W         69/48         69/48         140/70         180/140           Max. current - primary/secondary circuit         A         0.68/0.4         0.68/0.4         1.18/0.52         1.4/1.1           Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit         bar         6/3         6/6         6/6         6/6           Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95           Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit         °C         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120           Flow measuring range         I/min         0.5-15 ⁻¹ 0.5-15 ⁻¹ 1-35 ⁻¹ 5-100 ⁻¹	Туре		(25)	(50)	(100)	(200)
Max. power consumption - primary/secondary circuit         W         69/48         69/48         140/70         180/140           Max. current - primary/secondary circuit         A         0.68/0.4         0.68/0.4         1.18/0.52         1.4/1.1           Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit         bar         6/3         6/6         6/6         6/6           Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95           Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit         °C         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120           Flow measuring range         I/min         0.5-15 ⁻¹ 0.5-15 ⁻¹ 1-35 ⁻¹ 5-100 ⁻¹	Pump - primary/secondary circuit		=			UPM XL 25-125/ UPML 25-105
Max. current - primary/secondary circuit         A         0.68/0.4         0.68/0.4         1.18/0.52         1.4/1.1           Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit         bar         6/3         6/6         6/6         6/6           Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95           Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit         °C         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120           Flow measuring range         I/min         0.5-15 ⁻¹ 0.5-15 ⁻¹ 1-35 ⁻¹ 5-100 ⁻¹	Voltage	V	1x230	1x230	1x230	1x230
Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit         bar         6/3         6/6         6/6         6/6           Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95           Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit         °C         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120           Flow measuring range         I/min         0.5-15 ⁻¹ 0.5-15 ⁻¹ 1-35 ⁻¹ 5-100 ⁻¹	Max. power consumption - primary/secondary circuit	W	69/48	69/48	140/70	180/140
Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit         °C         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         120/95         <	Max. current - primary/secondary circuit	А	0.68/0.4	0.68/0.4	1.18/0.52	1.4/1.1
Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit         °C         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120         160/120<	Max. pressure - primary/secondary circuit	bar	6/3	6/6	6/6	6/6
Flow measuring range         I/min         0.5-15 ¹ 0.5-15 ¹ 1-35 ¹ 5-100 ¹	Max. temperature - primary/secondary circuit	°C	120/95	120/95	120/95	120/95
	Max. temperature temporary primary/secondary circuit	°C	160/120	160/120	160/120	160/120
Collector surface up to approx.         m ² 25         50         100         150	Flow measuring range	l/min	0.5-15 ¹	0.5-15 ¹	1-35 ¹	5-100 ¹
	Collector surface up to approx.	m²	25	50	100	150

¹ Optional accessories secondary circuit (recommended): balancing valve or FlowRotor

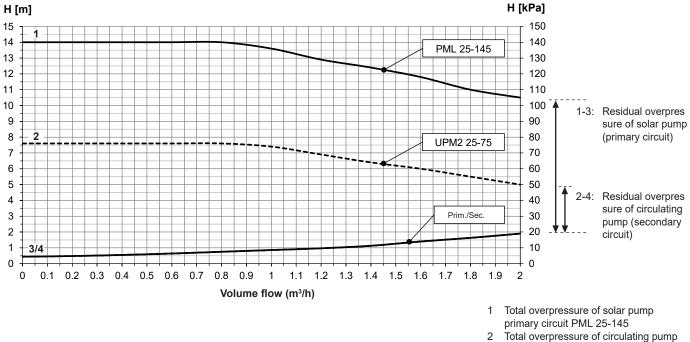


4

Pressure drop secondary circuit

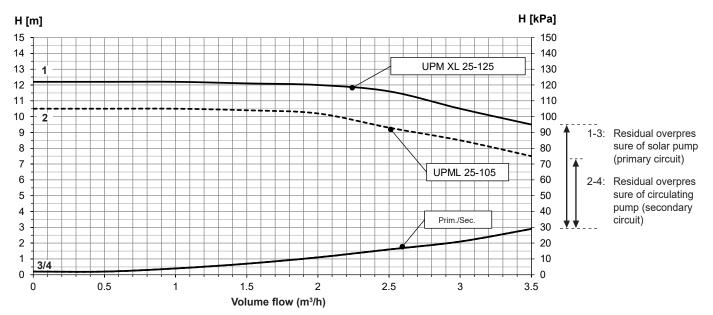
# 754 Hoval

# Residual overpressure TransTherm solar (100)



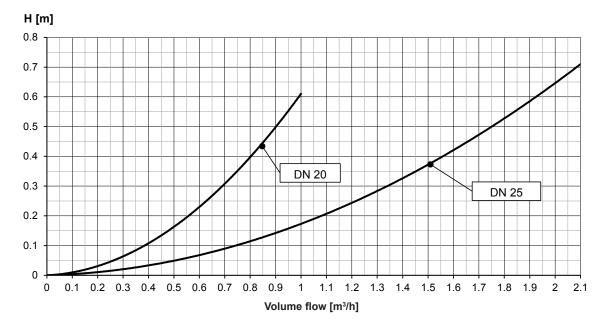
- secondary circuit UPM2 25-75
- 3 Pressure drop primary circuit
- Pressure drop secondary circuit 4

### Residual overpressure TransTherm solar (200)

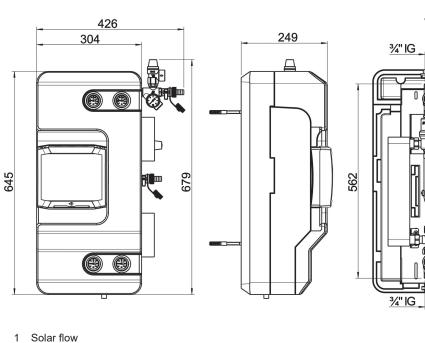


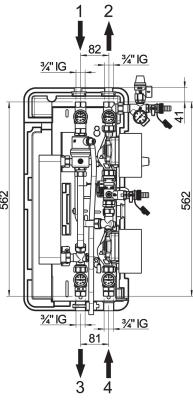
- 1 Total pumping head of the solar pump primary circuit UPM XL 25-125
- 2 Total pumping head of the circulating
- pump secondary circuit UPML 25-105 3 Pressure drop primary circuit
- Pressure drop secondary circuit 4

# Pressure drop FlowRotor DN 20 and DN 25



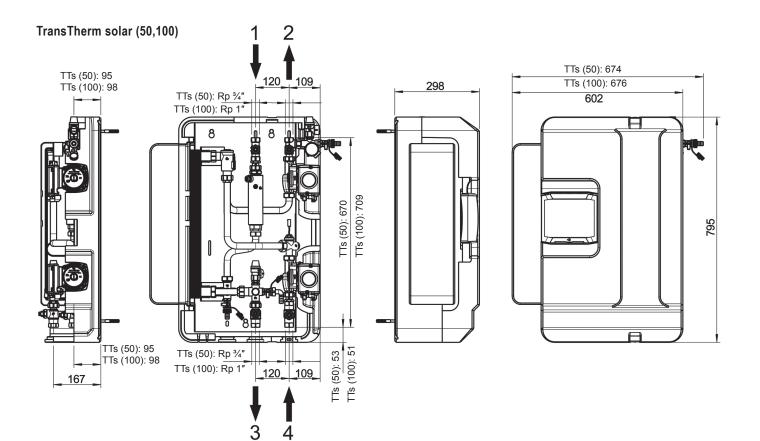
TransTherm solar (25) (Dimensions in mm)



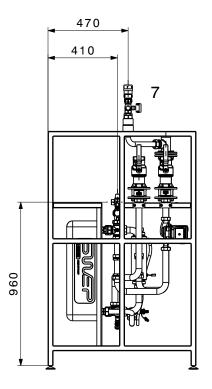


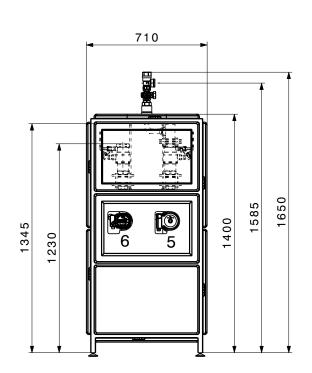
- Solar flow
- Solar return 2
- 3 Heating flow (priority)

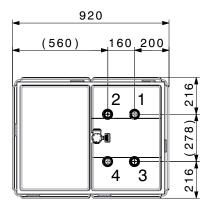
Heating return 4



TransTherm solar (200) (Dimensions in mm)





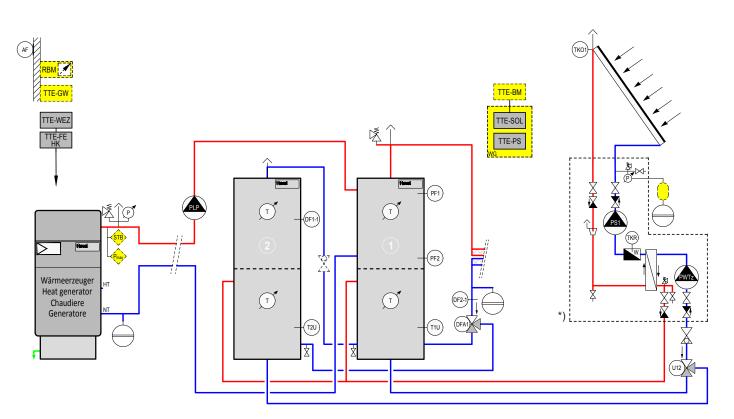


1	Solar flow	Rp 11/2"
2	Solar return	Rp 1½″
3	Heating flow	Rp 1½"
4	Heating return	Rp 1½"
5	Solor numn	

- Solar pump
   Heating pump
   Safety valve/pressure gauge

### TransTherm solar Solar preheating with - 2 energy buffer storage tanks Hydraulic schematics BABE040

Not suitable for direct domestic water heating.



Nur in Verbindung mit TTE-Regelsystem Only in conjunction with TTE control system Seulement en relation avec système de régulation TTE Solo in presenza del sistema di regolazione TTE

TTE-WEZ	TopTronic [®] E basic module heat generator (built-in)
TTE-SOL	TopTronic [®] E solar module
TTE-FE HK	TopTronic [®] E buffer module
AF	TopTronic [®] E module extension heating circuit
TKO1	Outdoor sensor
T1U	Collector sensor 1
T2U	Storage tank sensor 2
PS1	Solar circuit pump
TKR	Return sensor
PF1	Buffer sensor 1
PF2	Buffer sensor 2
PLP	Buffer charging pump
DFA1	Differential control output 1
DF1-1	Differential control sensor 1
DF2-1	Differential control sensor 2
PWTz	Pump heat exchanger central
U12	Switch-over unit storage tank
<i>Option</i> RBM TTE-GW TTE-BM WG	TopTronic [®] E room control module TopTronic [®] E gateway TopTronic [®] E control module Wall casing

# Notice:

- The example schematics merely show the basic principle and do not contain all information required for installation. The installation must be done according to local conditions, dimensioning and regulations.
- With underfloor heating a flow temperature monitor must be built in.
- Shut-off devices to the safety valve (pressurised expansion tank, safety valve, etc.) are to safe against unintended closing!
- Mount bags to prevent single pipe gravity circulation!

Scope of delivery

*)

### TopTronic[®] E solar module

- The controller module is suitable for use as differential temperature control, control of thermal solar plants, for heating process water and/or heating support.
- The controller module contains predefined hydraulic applications for different applications or plants.
- The solar yield calculation calculates the current output, the split yield in kWh as well as the total yield in MWh.
- Control unit with integrated regulating functions for:
  - One/two circuit solar energy plants
  - integrated heat balancing
  - Various additional functions
- Connection technology executed as plug-in screw terminals in coded RAST-5 design
- Update capability of the controller software
   Time and data via integrated PTC
- Time and date via integrated RTC,
- multi-year spring reserve
- Fine fuse 10 A
- Control unit suitable for cabinet installation thanks to ability to install on DIN rail 35 x 15 x 2.2 mm
- Expansion possibilities via Hoval CAN bus:
- max. 16 controller modules in the bus system
- max. 16 solar modules in the bus system

### Notice

Operation of the controller module is generally via the TopTronic[®] E control module installed in the heat generator! If the control module is used without Hoval

heat generator, the control module for operating the solar module and a wall casing with control module cut-out must be ordered separately!

### Inputs and outputs

- 3 variable sensor inputs:
- 2x variable input for connection of a sensor
- 1x variable input for connection of a sensor or pulse sensor
- 0-10 V input
- 0-10 V or PWM output for controlling
- a variable-speed pumpConnection of a flow rate sensor
- (pulse sensor), e.g. for heat metering
- Variable 230V 3-point output
- Variable 230V output, e.g. for controlling a solar charging pump
- 230V optocoupler input connected in series to the variable 230V output

### Option

- Can be expanded by max. 2 module expansions (expansion of the inputs/outputs):
- Module expansion universal

### Functions

- Simple configuration and parameter setting of the plant by predefined hydraulic and function applications
- · 41 pre-programmed basic variants
- Differential temperature control
- · Integrated solar yield calculation
- Storage tank cascade with up to 4 consumers
- Loading and unloading function for buffer
- Cooling down function
- Overheating and frost protection
- · Forced energy/high-temperature discharge



### Notice

Max. 2 module expansions can be connected.



TopTronic[®] E module expansion Universal



TopTronic[®] E module expansion Universal

- Collector cascade with up to 2 collector fields For one/two-circuit
- Charging via plate heat exchanger
  Heat exchanger cascade
- Additional functions, e.g. recharging function, circulating pump, etc.
- Start help function
- Consumer loading with type selection
- · High temperature discharge
- Fault reporting output
- Return flow increase
- Forced energy/high-temperature discharge on storage tank or buffer maximum temperature
- Relay test for each output can be activated separately
- Self-test with error diagnosis and error memory
- Functions that can be implemented with module expansions:
- Multi-circuit solar plants with up to 4 consumers
- 2 collector fields
- misc. application functions acc. to heating system diagrams

### Notice

Depending on the complexity of the corresponding system hydraulics, module expansions are required for using the listed functions (max. 2 module expansions can be connected)!

### Use

 Control of thermal solar plants with differential temperature control for heating process water and/or heating support

- For one/two-circuit solar plants with varying complexity with integrated heat balancing
- For decentralised assembly remote from the control module directly at the sensors and actuators (solar regulating armature located a long way away):
  - Installation in wall casing/control panel
- Connection to the operating unit via Hoval CAN bus
- With significant expansion capability by controller modules via the Hoval CAN bus
- For flexible integration in modern communication systems via different interface modules
- For remote connection via HovalConnect

### Delivery

- TopTronic[®] E solar module incl. 2x mounting clips for DIN rail attachment
- DIN rail with fitting accessories
- 1x immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L = 5.0 m
- 1x collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T, L = 2.5 m
  - Basic plug set for controller module Mains in
  - Plug for 230 V output (VA3)
  - Plug for 2x 230 V output (VA1/VA2)
  - Plug for optocoupler input (SK-VA3)
  - 2x plug for sensor (VE1/VE2)
  - Plug for 0-10V output (VA10V/PWM)
  - Plug for Hoval CAN bus

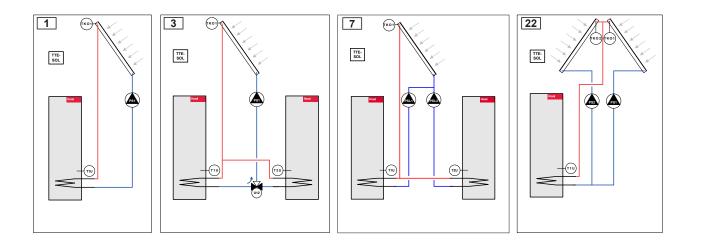
### Notice

The supplementary plug set may have to be ordered to implement functions differing from the standard!

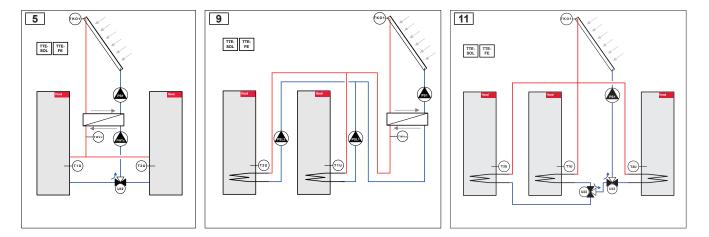
# Functions that can be implemented

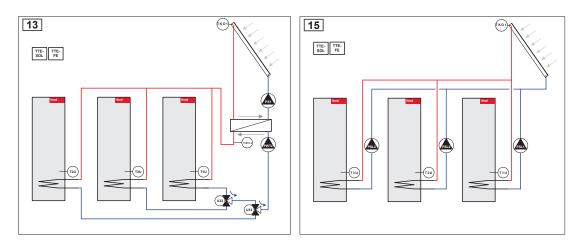
TopTronic® E solar module

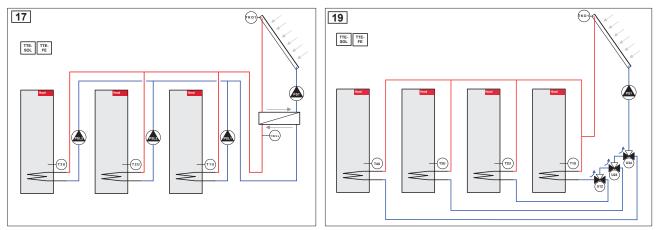
TTE-SOL	1 collector	2 collectors	Ext. HE	1 consumer	2 consumers	3 consumers	4 consumers	Change- over unit	Shut-off unit
Hydr. 1	•			•					
Hydr. 3	•			•	•			•	
Hydr. 5	•		•	•	•			•	
Hydr. 7	•			•	•				
Hydr. 9	•		•	•	•				
Hydr. 11	•			•	•	•		•	
Hydr. 13	•		•	•	•	•		•	
Hydr. 15	•			•	•	•			
Hydr. 17	•		•	•	•	•			
Hydr. 19	•			•	•	•	•	•	
Hydr. 20	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
Hydr. 21	•			•	•	•	•		
Hydr. 22		•		•					
Hydr. 24		•		•	•			•	
Hydr. 26		•	•	•	•			•	
Hydr. 28		•	•	•	•				
Hydr. 30		•		•	•	•		•	
Hydr. 32		•	•	•	•	•		•	
Hydr. 34		•		•	•	•	•	•	
Hydr. 35		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Hydr. 36	•		•	•	•				•
Hydr. 37	•		•	•	•	•			•
Hydr. 38	•		•	•	•	•	•		•
Hydr. 39		•	•	•	•				•
Hydr. 40		•	•	•	•	•			•
Hydr. 41		•	•	•	•	•	•		•

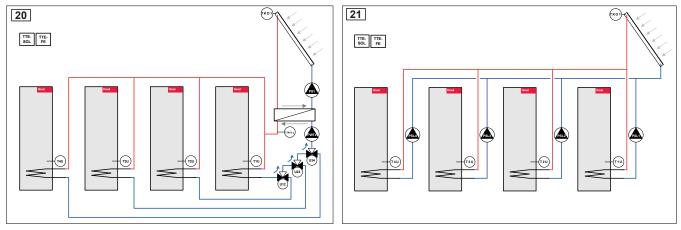


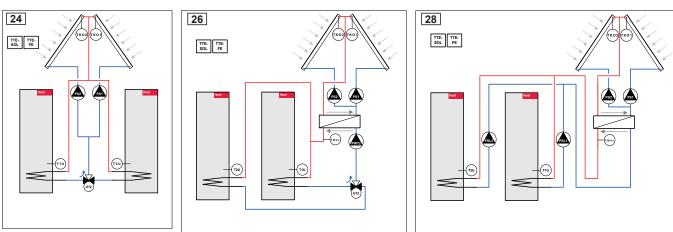
TopTronic[®] E solar module and 1 module expansion

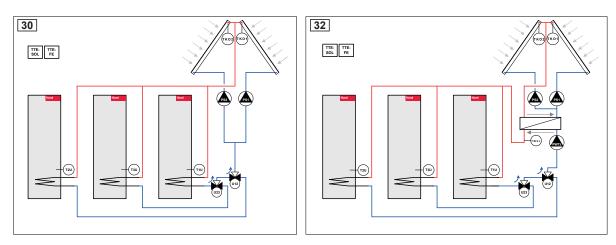


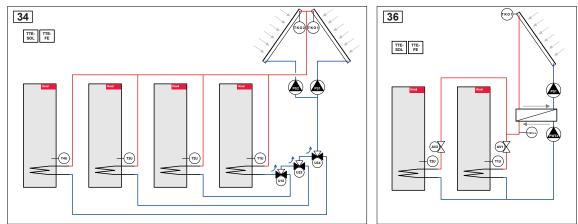


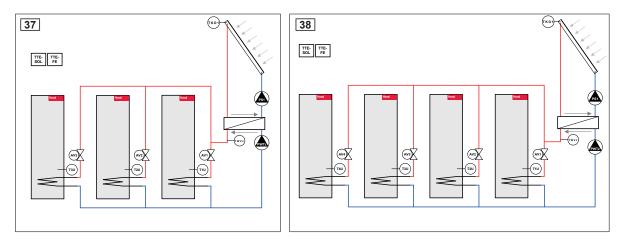


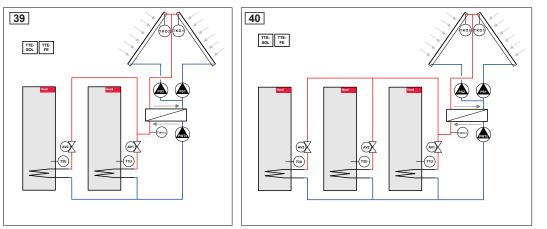




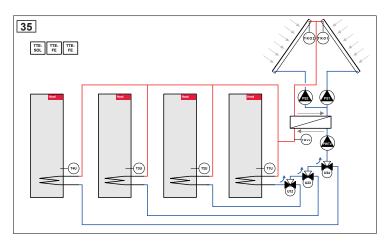


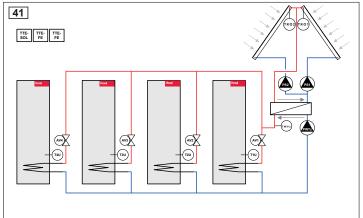






TopTronic[®] E solar module and 2 module expansions





# TopTronic® E controller module



The controller module is suitable for use as temperature differential control, control of thermal solar plants, for heating process water and/or heating support. Controller module with integrated control functions for

- Solar circuit
- Collector cascade
- Storage tank cascade with up to 4 consumers
- Consumer loading, with type selection
- Temperature differential control
- Loading and unloading function
- for additional/reserve buffer tank
- Integrated solar yield calculation

### Consisting of:

- TopTronic[®] E solar module incl. 2 pcs. mounting clips for top hat rail attachment
- 1 pce. immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L=5 m
- 1 pce. collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T,
- L=2.5 m
- basic plug set for controller module:
  - Mains in
  - Plug for 230 V output (VA3)
  - Plug for 2x 230V output (VA1/VA2)
  - Plug for optocoupler input (SK-VA3)
  - 2x plugs for sensors (VE1/VE2)
  - Plug for 0-10 V output (VA10V/PWM)
  - Plug for Hoval CAN bus
- top hat rail with fitting accessories

### Notice

In a standalone application, the control module for operating the solar module and a wall casing must be ordered separately!!

### Notice

Depending on the complexity, module expansions are required for using the listed functions (max. 2 module expansion can be connected)!

#### Notice

The supplementary plug set may have to be ordered to implement functions differing from the standard!



# Supplementary plug set

for controller modules and module expansion TTE-FE  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HK}}$ 

Consisting of Rast-5 mating plugs for connecting further sensors and actuators on the controller module or on the module expansion. The controller module is already equipped with a basic plug set, the supplementary plug set is required for advanced functions.

Consisting of:

- Plug for mains out
- Plug for sensor (variable input)
- Plug for 0-10 V/PWM input
- Plug for flow rate sensor

6034 503

6037 058

Part No.

### Part No.

# **TopTronic® E module expansion** for TopTronic® E solar module



Max. 2 expansions can be connected.

### TopTronic[®] E module expansion Universal TTE-FE UNI

Expansion to the inputs and outputs of a controller module (basic module heat generator, heating circuit/domestic hot water module, solar module, buffer module) for implementing various functions

Consisting of:

- TopTronic® E module expansion
- top hat rail with fitting accessories
- ribbon cable for connecting the device bus to the controller module
- connection set for connecting the controller module to the mains voltage
- complete plug set for module expansions

### Notice

Refer to the Hoval System Technology to find which functions and hydraulic arrangements can be implemented.

6034 575

		Part No.		
Accessories for TopTronic [®] E				
	Supplementary plug set for basic module heat generator (TTE-WEZ)	6034 499		
	TopTronic® E controller modules           TTE-HK/WW         TopTronic® E heating circuit/ hot water module           TTE-PS         TopTronic® E buffer module           TTE-MWA         TopTronic® E measuring module	6034 571 6037 057 6034 574		
	TopTronic [®] E control module TTE-BM black	6043 844		
Harman 17,5°] 2 → V Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman Harman	TopTronic® E room control modules           TTE-RBM         TopTronic® E room control modules           easy white         comfort white           comfort black         comfort black	6037 071 6037 069 6037 070		
SanDisk 468 © mgs cale	Enhanced language package TopTronic [®] E one SD card required per control module Consisting of the following languages: HU, CS, SL, RO, PL, TR, ES, HR, SR, JA, DA	6039 253		
0.5.2	HovalConnect HovalConnect LAN HovalConnect WLAN	6049 496 6049 498		
HovalConnect available from mid-2020 Up to that point, TopTronic [®] E online is delivered.	<b>TopTronic[®] E interface modules</b> GLT module 0-10 V HovalConnect Modbus HovalConnect KNX	6034 578 6049 501 6049 593		
Hoval	TopTronic® E wall casingWG-190Wall casing smallWG-360Wall casing mediumWG-360 BMWall casing medium with control module cut-outWG-510Wall casing largeWG-510 BMWall casing large with control module cut-out	6035 563 6035 564 6035 565 6035 566 6038 533		
	TopTronic® E sensorsAF/2P/KOutdoor sensorTF/2P/5/6TImmersion sensor, L = 5.0 mALF/2P/4/TContact sensor, L = 4.0 mTF/1.1P/2.5S/6TCollector sensor, L = 2.5 m	2055 889 2055 888 2056 775 2056 776		
	<b>System housing</b> System housing 182 mm System housing 254 mm	6038 551 6038 552		
	Bivalent switch	2061 826		
	Further information see "Controls"			

Hoval TopTronic [®] E solar module	Part numbers	
		Part No.
	Solar controller set WM complete for wall mounting consisting of a black housing incl. TopTronic® E solar module 1x immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L = 5 m 1x collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T, L = 2.5 m Basic connector set Blind cover for control module cut-out incl. wall mounting material	6027 257
	TopTronic [®] E control module as an option	
	<b>Solar controller set AG complete</b> for mounting on regulating armature SAG20 or SAR20 consisting of a black housing incl. TopTronic [®] E solar module	6037 492
	1x immersion sensor TF/2P/5/6T, L = 5 m 1x collector sensor TF/1.1P/2.5S/5.5T, L = 2.5 m	

2000

L = 2.5 m

Basic connector set

Blind cover for control module cut-out

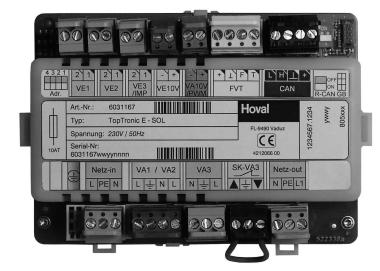
TopTronic[®] E control module as an option

# TopTronic[®] E solar module

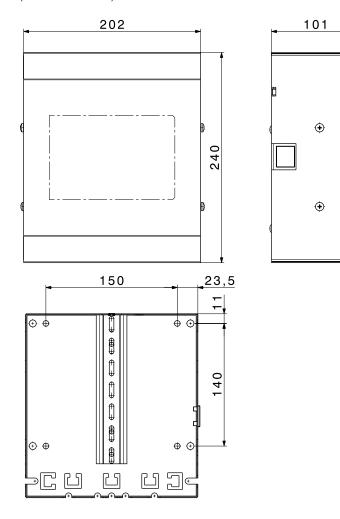
Model	TTE-SOL
<ul> <li>Power supply max.</li> <li>Frequency</li> <li>Min. power consumption</li> <li>Max. power consumption</li> <li>Fuse</li> </ul>	230 V AC +6/-10 % 50-60 Hz 0.8 W 7.8 W 10 A slow-blow
Output (low voltage) <ul> <li>Electromechanical relays</li> </ul>	3
Output (extra-low voltage) <ul> <li>Signal output PWM or 0-10 V</li> </ul>	1
Switching capacity <ul> <li>Electromechanical relays</li> </ul>	3 A
<ul><li>Input (low voltage)</li><li>Optocoupler input</li></ul>	1
Inputs (extra-low voltage) <ul> <li>Input 0-10 V</li> <li>Inputs sensors</li> <li>Inputs flow rate sensor</li> <li>Pulse input</li> </ul>	1 2 1 1 (can be switched over to sensor)
Expansion (module expansion) <ul> <li>Max. number</li> </ul>	2
Casing <ul> <li>Installation</li> <li>Dimensions (W x H x D) incl. plug</li> <li>Ambient temperature (during operation)</li> <li>Humidity (in operation)</li> <li>Storage temperature</li> </ul>	Top hat rail mounting 150 x 100 x 75 mm 050 °C 2080 % RH, non-condensing -2060 °C
Bus system (Hoval CAN bus) <ul> <li>Capacity</li> <li>Bus supply</li> <li>Bus line</li> <li>Bus length</li> <li>Line cross-section</li> <li>Cable type (recommended)</li> </ul>	max. 4 control modules / 3 control modules + 1 gateway yes 4-wire bus twisted, shielded, max. 100 m min. 0.5 mm ² JY-(ST) 2 x 2 x 0.6
Other bus interfaces	Internal unit bus (master)
Miscellaneous <ul> <li>Spring reserve</li> <li>Type of protection</li> <li>Protection class</li> <li>Plug types</li> </ul>	approx. 10 years, battery buffered IP 20 I – EN 60730 Rast 5 (coloured, coded)

# **Electrical connection**

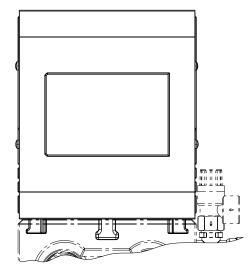
TopTronic® E solar module

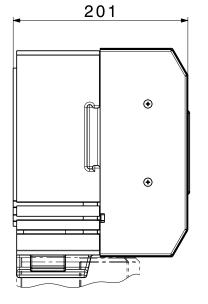


# Solar controller set WM (wall installation) Solar controller set AG (armature group) (Dimensions in mm)



Installation on an armature group SAG20 and SAR20 (Dimensions in mm)





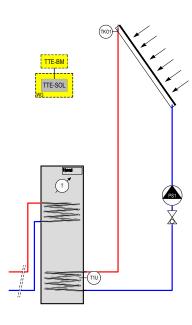
# Heat quantity balancing for solar systems

### Variant 1 (305) Energy balancing without installation of a heat meter

TopTronic[®] E solar module offers the opportunity of calculating and displaying the solar yield by storing a fixed flow rate of value. Also, when a speed-controlled circulating pump is used, there is no need for additional components in order to calculate the solar yield. Variant 2 can be used for more accurate balancing.

<ul> <li>Application:</li> </ul>	energy yield calculation
	collector circuit
Flow:	constant or speed-controlled -
	balancing valve TN necessary
<ul> <li>Flow sensor:</li> </ul>	collector sensor (TKO1)

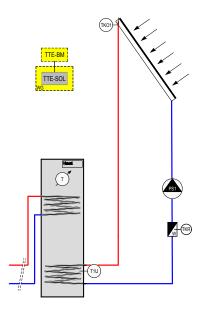
• Return sensor: calorifier sensor (T1U)



# Variant 2 (310) Energy balancing with heat meter

<ul> <li>Application:</li> </ul>	energy yield calculation
	collector circuit
Flow:	FlowRotor kit (FlowRotor al-
	ready installed in solar arma-
	ture group SAG/SAR FR)
<ul> <li>Flow sensor:</li> </ul>	collector sensor (TKO1)

• Return sensor: installed in FlowRotor (TKR)



### 1 Use of solar energy

The use of the solar energy reduces the pollutant emissions with the production of low-temperature heat and preserves thereby the environment.

With the use of solar energy no fossil sources are being burned, thus valuable raw materials are being preserved at negligible annual operating cost.

Per year up to 1200 kW/h of sun exposure energy is available for water heating, swimming pool heating and low-temperature heating per square metre of collector surface.

Professionally dimensioned and implemented solar plants prepare for many decades a large part of the yearly warm water with a temperature of 60 °C and beyond.

By the use of high-quality materials the life expectancy of a solar plant amounts to several decades.

The use of solar energy is today a highly developed technology, which:

- is absolutely safe and causes no damage
- does not decrease the dependence on valuable and regenerable, fossil sources of energy
- can be used without impairment of the environment
- is available free of charge, without the danger of economic price influence or manipulation
- can be used decentralised, whereby expensive distribution and control devices can be cancelled
- is available continuously for all time

# 2 Planning and dimensioning references for solar plants

### Information for new buildings

Solar plants can be integrated in many cases optimally in the roof. Certain difficulties with the accommodation of the collectors due to the prescribed roof pitch resp. the roof ridge direction can occur. Therefore it is already advisable, when planning of the new building to keep certain guidelines which favour the solar energy use:

- During the building of the house it is to be respected unimpaired exposition to sun of the roof area within the range of southeast to southwest. The chimney and the roof systems should be accommodated in the northern part of the house if possible.
- For the in-roof installation of the collectors in a south lateral roof area (or a part of the same), the angle of inclination should amount > 22° for sheet metal frames on site or > 25° for sheet metal frames from Hoval. Otherwise the collectors must be raised against the roof pitch.
- If an installation of the collector plant on the roof should prove as technically unfavourable, it can be installed also on the ground.
- For the solar connection pipes either a shaft is to be planned, or the tubes can be installed first between the assembly place of the collectors up to the storage tank.

- 5. The water heating takes place separately from the boiler for example in the solar water heater. The boiler can be warmed up both by the solar plant and with the conventional heating. During correct planning of the solar plant the heating system for water heating can remain out of operation in the summer half-year.
- 6. For the part-solar room heating different combinations are possible.
- Warm water connections for washing machine, dishwasher etc. are recommended.
   To increase the utilisation of the valuable
- heating energy generally applies:
   Very well thermally insulated buildings
  - Very went trennany insulated buildings
     Energy-fair architecture for passive use of solar energy
  - Design of the hot water heating on a low flow temperature
  - Modern heating regulation and system engineering
- 9. The collector angle is freely selectable between 22° and 90°.

The most important components of a solar plant are an efficient long-term collector, the solar armature group, the solar regulation and the solar storage tank with the integrated heat exchanger, which is co-ordinated with the size of the collector surface and the water heater volume. With larger plants an external platetype heat exchanger should be used.

A professional assembly is a requirement for the full efficiency of the solar plant.

### 1 Collectors

The collector surface should be arranged to south. (Angles of inclination of the collectors see dimensioning guidelines). The collector surface should not stand in the shadow at any time of day.

### 2 Fastening parts

The minimum installation angle of the collectors Hoval UltraSol[®] 2 is 20°; if using Hoval sheet metal edgings 25°. Minimum installation angle with GFRP 25°.

Depending on the assembly place of the collectors, Hoval supplies fastening parts and assembly kits for the different mounting types:

- in-roof assembly with integrated sheet metal frame
- on-roof assembly parallel to the roof pitch
- on-roof assembly with raised angle of inclination
- flat roof assembly and assembly at the soil with different angles of inclination
- wall mounting

### 3 Connection tubes

The solar circuit consists of the tubes for the heat transfer medium, usually copper tubes including thermal insulation, which are layed from the collector to the water heater, and of sensor tubes for the difference temperature control and the frost-protected heat distribution medium. As an alternative to the copper pipes, pre-fabricated solar pipes with thermal insulation and integrated sensor leads and made from corrugated stainless steel or spiral tubing are finding increasing use.

The advantage of these connection pipes lies in easier and quicker routing.

### 4 Solar armature group

The solar armature group provides for the forced circulation of the heat distribution medium in the solar circuit and contains all fill, lock off, safety and indicator armatures (manometer, thermometer).

With the operation of the solar storage tank or with multi-circuit plants the solar armature group SAG will be used, which is mountable onto the wall.

In addition this thermally insulated, assemblyfinished unit offers the possibility to connect an expansion tank.

The performance of the circulating pump should be examined (dependent on collector surface, pipework length and flow resistances).

### 5 Solar calorifier and energy storage tank

With conventional solar plants for water heating and room heating support the solar water heaters within the lower range are heated by a heating element on the inside or - with larger collector surfaces - by an external plate-type heat exchanger.

The Hoval solar multi-storage tank is equipped with largely dimensioned fixed inserted heating elements on the inside (MultiVal ERR, MultiVal ESRR, MultiVal CRR).

Of course all solar water heaters offer also the possibility for the heating of a part of the storage volume by conventional energy, and can additionally be equipped with electrical heating insets.

### 6 Solar control

In the collectors the nontoxic, frost-protected heat transfer medium on base of polypropylene glycol is heated.

As soon as the temperature at the collector sensor is higher around the adjusted difference temperature as the temperature measured in the lower part of the solar storage tank, the circulating pump is switched on over the solar regulation.

Thereby the heat transfer medium heated up in the collectors is transported into the heat exchanger, which is in the water heater, delivers the warmth at the service water or the heating water and flows cooled down back into the collectors.

This circuit is only interrupted if the temperature difference between collector and memory sensors is again smaller than the adjusted difference temperature.

Depending upon plant conception and the number of the solar energy customers who can be warmed up one-circuit resp. multicircuit regulations are necessarily. For the description of the quality of solar collectors and for the comparison of their efficiency some collector characteristic data worked satisfactorily. These characteristic data is determined after standardised testing methods by independent testing institutes.

### 1 Conversion factor

### (eta 0, unit %)

is the maximum collector efficiency in per cent. It is reached if the average collector temperature is equal to the ambient temperature.

### 2 Heat loss coefficient

(U-value, unit W/m²K) describes the average heat loss of the collector related to the entrance surface and the tempe-

rature difference between collector work temperature (= average collector temperature) and ambient temperature.

### 3 Collector characteristic

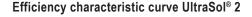
The collector characteristic shows the dependence of the collector efficiency on the temperature difference between collector work temperature and ambient temperature and the sun exposure. The process of the collector characteristic is determined by the building method of the collector and the operating conditions. Thus affect the light permeability of the collector vitrification, the kind of the absorber coating, the thermal insulation and the radiation and convection losses the process.

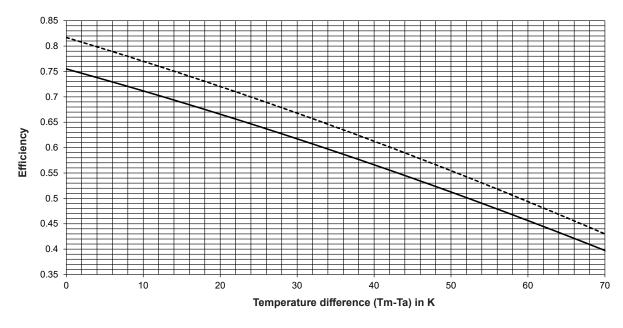
A collector with a high conversion factor, small heat loss coefficient and flat characteristic is considered as energetically particularly favourably.

For the comparison of collectors the effective absorber surface (collector effective area) of a collector is in addition, just as important, since by it the total quantity of the irradiation energy taken up by the collector is determined.

### 4 Collector testing

The quality and energy efficiency of solar collectors is determined by standardised test procedures of independent institutions, e.g. according to EN 12 975. Based upon this testing the European quality label for solar collectors "Solar KEYMARK" is being issued. Hoval solar collectors are quality and performance-tested by different inspecting authorities and are labelled with Solar KEYMARK. As a result, they meet the highest quality standards.





UltraSol[®] 2 (gross area) ----- UltraSol[®] 2 (aperture area)

Tm = average collector temperature Ta = ambient temperature

# Valid for flat collectors under the following conditions

- Average sun exposure about 1200 kWh per square meters and year, related to the horizontal irradiation surface and the Central European climate conditions.
- 2. Sunshine on the collector surface more than 90 %, no shade
- 3. Collector angle of inclination depending upon type of use and period of use:

upon type of use and period of	use.
<ul> <li>Open-air swimming pool</li> </ul>	
from May to September	25-35°
- Service water and	
indoor swimming pool	30-50°
- Service water all year round	35-55°
O and a substant and a	

- Service water and additional heating 40-60°

### 1 Water heating:

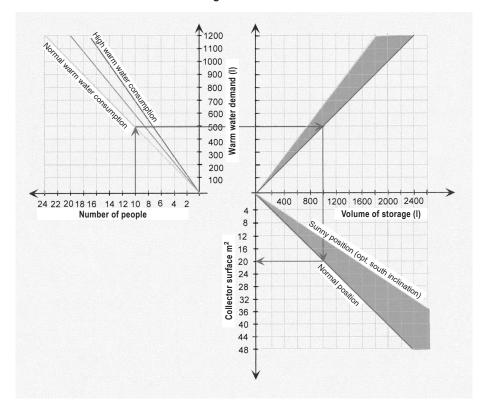
For the water heating with standard solar plants (flat collector HighFlow) approx. 1.5 m² collector surface and 50 to 85 litres storage volume are necessary per person.

### Examples of water heating:

2-3	Persons Collector surface up to 4 m ²	300 I storage
3-4	Persons Collector surface up to 6 m ²	300 I storage
4-6	Persons Collector surface up to 8 m ²	500 I storage
6-8	Persons Collector surface up to 10 m ²	500 I storage
8-10	Persons Collector surface up to 12 m ²	500 I storage
10-14	Persons Collector surface up to 16 m ²	800 I storage
14-18	Persons Collector surface up to 20 m ²	1000 I storage
18-24	Persons Collector surface up to 24 m ²	2x800   storage

### Interpretation diagram

Solar collector surface for water heating



Interpretation diagram for the solar collector surface with standard solar plants for water heating.

- 4. Deviation of the collector surface from the south < 35°. In the case of deviations from 35 up to 45° of the south direction an enlargement of the collector surface of approx. 20 % is necessary. Collector arrangements with deviations greater than 45° from the south direction are not recommended.
- As far as possible the entire collector surface should be arranged in an orientation. An allocation on differently oriented collector fields is not recommended.

### 2 Room heating:

Particularly in the transitional period and in connection with low-temperature heating systems (wall or under-floor heating) solar collectors can be used depending upon irradiation with considerable success.

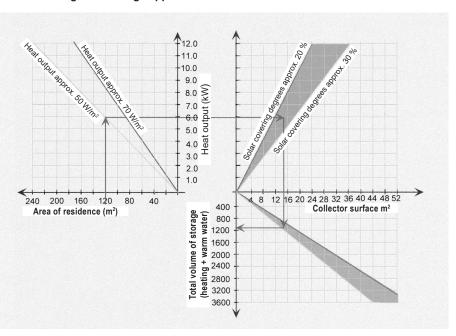
As approximate value  $1.5-2 \text{ m}^2$  collector surface are to be planned additionally for water heating per 10 m² living space, respectively 15-20 % of the surface which has to be heated.

In progressive low-energy buildings, the heating system can be supported even with smaller collector surfaces (from 10 % of the heated area).

### 3 Swimming pool heating:

Swimming pools may be warmed up with copper collectors only over a suitable heat exchanger (dual-circuit systems). As approximate value at least 2/3 of the basin surface as collector surface are to be planned.

# Interpretation diagram solar collector surface for water heating and heating support



Solar collectors are used to generate heat and utilise the total momentary radiation. The orientation and slope of the solar collectors have a significant influence on the effectivity of the solar plant and must be checked for each individual system.

### Location

Sloping roof

A good solution. Orientation, angle of inclination and shade must be checked. Collector array designs are available for on-roof and in-roof assembly.

*Flat roof* Very good solution allowing optimum selection of orientation and angle of inclination for the solar collectors. Shade must be checked. Solar collectors can often be erected in two or more rows.

### Building facade/balcony

Poor results. An angle of inclination of 15-20° for the collectors already ensures much better utilisation. Some wall installation sets with several angles of inclination are available. We highly recommend an on-site supporting structure for the collector assembly with corresponding angles of inclination.

### Approximate values

Standard values for collector surfaces

### Single- and two-family homes

-	Collector surface		
	per person	per MWh/a *	
	r	n²	
Hot water	1-1.25	-	
Hot water+	-	0.6-1	
Heating support			

Multiple dwelling units

	Collector surface
	per person
	m ²
Hot water	0.8
Preheating	0.5

 Annual heat demand for hot water and heating

### Allowances for the collector surface

Hot water		
Slope Orientation	Degrees	Flat %
South South-west South-east	0-22° 22-25° 25-60° 60-75° 75-90°	not permissible approx. 10 0 approx. 10 30-50
West East	0-22° 22-30° 30-50° 50-75° 75-90°	not permissible 15-20 0 30-50 50-80

### Hot water and heating support

Orientation	Slope degrees	Flat %
South South-west South-east	0-22° 22-25° 25-60° 60-75° 75-90°	not permissible 20-30 10 0 20-40
West East	0-22° 22-30° 30-50° 50-75° 75-90°	not permissible 25-35 35-45 45-60 60-100

### Heating outdoor swimming pools

Orientation	Slope Degrees	Collector type Flat collector %
South	0-22° 22-40° 40-60°	5 0 15
South-west South-east	0-22° 22-40° 40-60°	15 0 20
West East	0-22° 22-40° 40-60°	10 25 40

### Shade

(proportion of shade max. 25 %)

Period	Allowance
All-year	20 %
Winter and between seasons	10 %
November to January	0

### **Approximate values for collector yields** Annual yield per m² useful collector surface, dependent on location, system design and user characteristics.

### Hot water

Utilisation standard	kWh/m²a
High degree of coverage Average degree of coverage Preheating	300-450 400-550 450-650
Hot water and heating support	
Design	kWh/m²a

250
300
500

In mountain regions, the solar collectors should not remain covered with snow for long periods of time. They should be positioned in such a way that the snow slides off (min. slope 45°, no snow fence at the bottom).

### Heating outdoor swimming pools

Flat collector	Yield
Type	kWh/m²a
unglazed, SP absorber	280-330
glazed	260-320

### Heat exchangers

The solar circuit heat exchangers should be designed for an average temperature difference ( $\Delta T_m$ ) of approx. 5-15 K at max. collector output (700 Watt/m²). Up to approx. 30 m² collector surface, internal heat exchanger surfaces are usually used. Above this, an external heat exchanger (plate exchanger) is recommended. Calorifiers should be designed for 700 Watt/m² collector output and an average temperature difference of 5-10 K. Note that there is a danger of calcification. For this reason, the plate exchanger should rather be used for heating the swimming pool or for charging heating water tanks.

# Approximate values

for internal heat exchangers

- · Plain-tube exchangers:
- 0.15-0.25 m² per m² collector surface • Finned-tube exchangers
- $0.3-0.5 \text{ m}^2 \text{ per m}^2 \text{ collector surface}$

Influence of  $\Delta T_m$  selection:

Effect on the efficiency of the system

$\Delta T_m$	5K	10K	15K 20	ΟK
Change	+3.5 %	0	-3.5 % -7	%

### Solar storage tanks

The heat supplied by the solar collectors is transferred in the solar storage. The solar storage bridges the time gap between heat recovery and consumption. The solar storage tank incl. connections and flanges should be well insulated and *all connection pipes should be connected with a siphon*. Check the max. permissible operating temperature and operating pressure of the solar storage tank.

Approximate values Standard values for the tank size

### Hot water

	Volume dm³
Single- and two-family houses	85/person
Volumetric content for additional heating (electric)	acc. to daily demand
Multi-family houses Volumetric content for solar heating *	80/person
additional heating electric boiler	acc. to daily demand 15-60/person

Hot water and heating support for single- and two-family houses

Volume per m² collector surface

Solar heating *	40-60
Additional heating	40-60

* Free "solar volume" for the storage of solar energy

### Expansion tank

The dimensions of the expansion tank must be selected taking into account the total content of the collectors (in the event of evaporation). Observe the following during selection:

- · Max. operating temperature
- (provide pre-tank where necessary)
- Check the pretension of the selected expansion tank against system-specific data.

### Solar circuit pipes

Copper, iron or stainless steel pipes can be used for the solar circuit. The pipe runs should be kept short, in particular the flow pipe for the collector array (line from the collector array to the consumer load). Pipes must be routed and insulated professionally.

The thermal insulation should be resistant to temperatures of at least 130 °C. For recommended insulation thickness and pipe crosssections: see Solar collectors.

### Heat transfer liquid

As a rule, a frost protection agent on polypropylene basis is used as frost protection in the solar circuit. The concentration should be selected according to the climate zone and system-specific data. A frost protection percentage of 40 % is usually sufficient. Percentages of over 50 % frost protection should be avoided.

Example: approx. -20 °C outside temperature (glycol content 40 %). The water and glycol must be mixed before introducing the mixture into the system.

### Circulating pumps, instruments, armatures

Check the max. permissible operating temperature for the selected products.

### **Overheating protection**

High temperatures and possible formation of vapour in the solar circuit can never be completely ruled out. (The sun supplies heat even when this heat cannot be used directly.) Causes:

Systems with widely fluctuating consumption Power failure or defective system components

For this reason, we recommend the inclusion of an overheating concept before realisation of the system. The minimum requirements here are:

- regulatory measures
- thermal discharge safety device
- selection of an appropriate expansion tank selection of the appropriate frost protection agent

# Flushing, filling and venting

The system may only be filled and pressure testing carried out when the sun is not shining on the collector array.

Flushing of the system is extremely IMPOR-TANT and must be carried out with due care, for preference with the prepared heat transfer liauid.

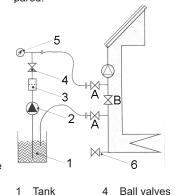
Dirt particles in the system cause malfunctions. Use filters!

The system may only be filled if it can be put into operation at the same time. A pump should be used to fill the system, the system should be fully installed, filled and connected on-site and the heat transfer medium mixed and prepared.

Pressure gauge

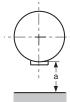
Drain

Closed



- 2 Jet pump 5
- 3 Filter 6 A
  - Open В

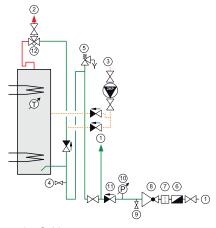
- Necessary space
- The inspection opening has to be well accessible.
- Distance to the wall for the installation and removal of the electrical heating inset (a):



Calorifier	dm ³	а
MultiVal ERR	300-500	≥ 600
MultiVal ERR	800-1000	≥ 950
MultiVal CRR	300-540	≥ 600
MultiVal CRR	800-2000	≥ 950
EnerVal	500-1500	≥ 950
(laterally left or right distance to wall for		
mounting of casing)		≥ 700

### Plumbing

- For electrical heating a hot water distribution system without circulation must be planned if possible.
- The hot water pipe must be insulated and installed with a siphon (minimum  $\ge$  200 mm).
- Maximum safety adjustment: 1 bar less than the maximum operating pressure
- Caution! When only small amounts of hot water are tapped, higher hot water temperatures can occur. (Depending on comfort requirements, provide suitable measures, e.g. thermomixer etc.)

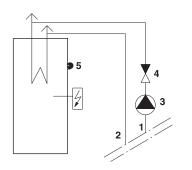


- Cold water 1
- 2 Hot water
- 3 Circulation
- 4 Drain
- 5 Safety valve
- 6 Pressure reduction valve
- 7 Testing device
- 8 Return flow inhibitor
- 9 Connection for manometer
- 10 Thermostatic blender for water

### Heating assembly

(Recharging with boiler)

- Flow and return lines must be connected in such a way that no flow reversal and singlepipe gravity circulation can occur with the charging pump switched off and electric heating switched on (see drawing).
- Expansion of heating water must always be ensured (also during electric charging).
- Install air vent at the top point of the heating water pipe.



- 1 Flow
- 2 Return
- 3 Venting charging pump
- 4 Non-return valve
- 5 Temperature regulator

### Commissioning

- The system must be created, the heating and plumbing installation carried out, the system filled, vented and the electrical connections established in accordance with the design documentation and assembly specifications for the system components supplied.
- At the time of commissioning, the design values must be known and the building owner or the person responsible for operation present for instruction.
- Registration should be carried out in good time (approx. 10 days before the planned date of commissioning).

### Maintenance

The following inspections must be planned for maintenance of the system:

Inspection	Туре
User Condition of system Circulating pump Pressure	Visual inspection periodical

The thermal solar plant must be checked regularly in order to ensure the operational safety and the efficiency as well as the high durability in the long term. Inspection should be carried out annually and maintenance every 2 years. The completion of a maintenance contract is recommended for all thermal solar plants.

### Static dimensioning aid

The following requirements and directives must be complied with:

- Regionally applicable standards and regulations
- The installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with the relevant standards and local regulations.
   Germany/Austria:
- The snow and wind loads are regulated by
- DIN EN 1991 and the associated national appendix.
- The load bearing capacities of building coverings are prescribed ÖNORM B 1991.
- ÖNORM M 7778 (Installation planning and installation of thermal solar collectors)
- Both the Austrian as well as the German regulation is based on European standard EN 1991-1-3. They are valid up to altitudes of 1500 m. Any altitudes above that are regulated by special national appendices.
   Switzerland:
- SIA 261 applies.

### General information on statics

- Installation is only permissible on roof areas or substructures of sufficient load-bearing capacity. It is essential for the static loadbearing capacity of the roof or the substructure to be checked by the local statics engineer before the collectors are installed.
- The examination of the entire collector structure according to DIN 1055 Parts 4 and 5 is required by the local statics engineer, in particular in areas subject to high snowfall or high wind speeds. Attention in this must be paid to all special features of the installation site (foehn winds, venturi effects, eddy formation etc.) that can lead to increased load.

### **Roof-mounted systems**

- With roof-mounted systems, particular attention must be paid to the quality of the wood in the substructure with regard to the durability of the screw connections for attaching collector installation fixtures. The selection and also the number of roof connections must be adapted to the local snow and wind loads. Binding statements about the wind and snow loads as well as building altitudes about seal level must be obtained from the relevant authorities in the regions.
- If the roof anchors are exposed to maximum load, their geometry means that deformation will be unavoidable and contact between the roof anchor and the tiles can often not been prevented. As a result, it is recommended for metal tiles to be used if there will be high snow and wind loads.
- The significant number of roof connection sets is based on the calculated minimum number of attachment points for the planned number of collectors without taking account of the building-specific anchoring conditions of the roof covering and the building structure. The local force application via roof connection sets has been provided. The transmission of forces via the screw connection to the building structure does not form part of this calculation and must be verified separately.
- To prevent impermissible wind suction loads, the collectors must not be installed near the edges of the roof. The relevant standards must be observed in this case.

When elevators are used, the upper edge of the collector must not project beyond the ridge of the roof. Collectors must not be installed under a height change, in order to avoid increased loads due to windblown or slipping snow from the higher section of the roof onto the collector array. If snow guards are mounted on the more elevated roof for this reason, the statics of this roof must be inspected.

### Personal protection

- In order to carry out work on the roof, safety equipment for personal protection must be included in the planning. For pitched roofs, these are safety roof hooks and for flat roofs, suitable attachment points or cable systems.
- Regarding work on the roof, the AUVA regulations must be observed in Austria and DGUV1 regulations in Germany.
- Switzerland:
- Regarding work on the roof, the SUVA regulations must be observed.

### Flat roof systems

### Wind load calculation according to DIN EN 1991-1-3 and -4 for free-standing flat roof systems

In general, calculation in accordance with standard DIN EN 1991-1-3 and -4 applies for the detailed wind load calculation.

The existing recommendation should cover the standard cases and ease handling in daily use However, this recommendation does not release the planning authority from carefully examining the local conditions and having a designated specialist (structural engineer/civil engineer) make a detailed calculation. Consequently, no liability claims can be asserted on this basis.

The following points are decisive

- for the design of the wind load:
- Collector angle
- Backpressure zone/wind zone
- Terrain category/location
- Height of building above terrain
- Building dimensions/shape
- Roof edge height (attic)
- Distance from collectors to roof edge
- Number of collectors in a row

The more exposed, the more free-standing the building is, the higher are the expected wind loads. In city areas, the buildings are often protected from wind by other neighbouring buildings.